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## Senior School Certificate Examination August 2021 Marking Scheme – Accountancy Compartment Examination

## **General Instructions:**

1. You are aware that evaluation is the most important process in the actual and correct assessment of the candidates. A small mistake in evaluation may lead to serious problems which may affect the future of the candidates, education system and teaching profession. To avoid mistakes, it is requested that before starting evaluation, you must read and understand the spot evaluation guidelines carefully. **Evaluation is a timed mission for all of us. Hence, it is necessary that you put in your best efforts in this process.** 

2. "Evaluation policy is a confidential policy as it is related to the confidentiality of the examinations conducted, Evaluation done and several other aspects. Its' leakage to public in any manner could lead to derailment of the examination system and affect the life and future of millions of candidates. Sharing this policy/document to anyone, publishing in any magazine and printing in News Paper/Website etc may invite action under IPC."

3. Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the Marking Scheme. It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration. Marking Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed. However, while evaluating, answers which are based on latest information or knowledge and/or are innovative, they may be assessed for their correctness otherwise and marks be awarded to them.

4. The Marking Scheme carries only suggested value points for the answers. These are only guidelines and do not constitute the complete answer. The students can have their own expression and if the expression is correct, the marks be awarded accordingly.

5. The Head-Examiner must go through the first five answer books evaluated by each evaluator on the first day, to ensure that evaluation has been carried out as per the instructions given in the Marking Scheme. The remaining answer books meant for evaluation shall be given only after ensuring that there is no significant variation in the marking of individual evaluators.

6. If a question has parts, please award marks on the right-hand side for each part. Marks awarded for different parts of the question should then be totaled up and written in the left-hand margin and encircled.

7. Evaluators will mark( $\sqrt{}$ ) wherever answer is correct. For wrong answer 'X" be marked. Evaluators will not put right kind of mark while evaluating which gives an impression that answer is correct and no marks are awarded. This is most common mistake which evaluators are committing.

8. If a question does not have any parts, marks must be awarded in the left hand margin and encircled.

9. If a student has attempted an extra question, answer of the question deserving more marks should be retained and the other answer scored out.

10. No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized only once.

11. A full scale of marks 0-80 has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.

12. Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e. 8 hours every day and evaluate 20 answer books per day in main subjects and 25 answer books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines).

13. Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the Examiner in the past:-

- Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book.
- Giving more marks for an answer than assigned to it.
- Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page.
- Wrong question wise totaling on the title page.
- Wrong totaling of marks of the two columns on the title page.
- Wrong grand total.
- Marks in words and figures not tallying.
- Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list.
- Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark is correctly and clearly indicated. It should merely be a line. Same is with the X for incorrect answer.)
- Half or a part of answer marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks awarded.

14. While evaluating the answer books if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as (X) and awarded zero (0) Marks.

15. Any unassessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totaling error detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in order to uphold the prestige of all concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and judiciously.

16. The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the Guidelines for spot Evaluation before starting the actual evaluation.

17. Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over to the title page, correctly totaled and written in figures and words.

18. The Board permits candidates to obtain photocopy of the Answer Book on request in an RTI application and also separately as a part of the re-evaluation process on payment of the processing charges.

	Marking Scheme August 2020-21	
	Accountancy Compartment Examination (055)	
	Expected Answers/ Value Points	Marks
		Ivial KS
1	Q. Gagan, a partner inbe charged?	
	<b>Ans</b> . (C)/ 7.5 months	1 mark
2	Q. At the time of admissionthe following:	
	<b>Ans</b> . (A)/ Old partners in old profit sharing ratio	1 mark
3	Q is a part of authorized capital subscription.	
5	Ans. (C) / Issued Capital	1 mark
4	Q. Income and Expenditure Account on basis.	
	Ans. Accrual	1 mark

		[]
5	Q. Kiran Limited will be:	
	<b>Ans.</b> (D)/ 1,00,000 shares	1 mark
6	Q. At the time of dissolution for the same?	
	Ang(D)/Ng ontry	1 mark
	Ans. (D)/ No entry	1 mark
7	Q. Shiv, Mohan and Hari will be:	
,		
	<b>Ans.</b> <u>(</u> C)/ 36,000	1 mark
	- / /	
8	Q. X, Y and Z were partnersover the reserve will be:	
1		
1		
1		
	Ans. (D)/ Credited to Partners Capital Accounts	1 mark
1		
9	Q. Which of the following is a charge against profit?	
L		1

	Ans. (A)/ Interest on Partners' Loan	1 mark
10	Q. In the absence of a, mutualIndian	
	Partnership Act 1932.	
	Ans. Partnership Deed/ Partnership Agreement	1 mark
11	Q is opened to credit the share of profit to his Capital	
	Account.	
	Ans. (B) / Profit and Loss Suspense A/c	1 mark
12	Q. A and B are partners ratio will be:	
	<b>Ans.</b> (B)/ 27:16:17	1 mark
13	Q. Super -profit is equal to less	

Ans. (A)/ Actual profit; Normal profit		1 mark
Q. From the following information, calculate the am	ount of medicines	
year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2020:		
Ans. <u>Statement showing Expenditure on Medicines</u>	during the year ending	
<u>31st March 2020:</u>		
Particulars	Amount	
	(₹)	
Amount paid for medicines during the year	5,00,000	
Add: Opening stock of medicines	1,50,000	<sup>1</sup> ⁄2 x 6
Less: Closing stock of medicines	(1,90,000)	=
Less: Opening Creditors	(60,000)	3 marks
Add: Closing Creditors	24,000	
Medicined consumed during the year	4,24,000	

Dr.	Stock of M	Iedicines A/c	Cr.	
Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount	
	(₹)		(₹)	
To balance b/d	1,50,000	By Income and		
To Creditors (credit	4,64,000	Expenditure A/c-		
purchases)		Medicines consumed	4,24,000	1 ½ marks
		By balance c/d	1,90,000	
	<u>6,14,000</u>		<u>6,14,000</u>	
Dr. Particulars	Creditors for Amount	Particulars	Amount	
			Amount	
			Amount (₹)	
	Amount			
Particulars	Amount (₹)	Particulars	(₹)	1 1/2 marks
Particulars To Cash	Amount (₹) 5,00,000	Particulars By balance b/d (creditors)	(₹) 60,000	1 ½ marks
Particulars To Cash To balance c/d	Amount (₹) 5,00,000	Particulars By balance b/d (creditors)	(₹) 60,000	1 ½ marks
Particulars To Cash To balance c/d	Amount (₹) 5,00,000 24,000	Particulars By balance b/d (creditors)	(₹) 60,000 4,64,000	1 ½ marks
Particulars To Cash To balance c/d	Amount (₹) 5,00,000 24,000	Particulars By balance b/d (creditors)	(₹) 60,000 4,64,000	
Particulars To Cash To balance c/d	Amount (₹) 5,00,000 24,000	Particulars By balance b/d (creditors)	(₹) 60,000 4,64,000	=
Particulars To Cash To balance c/d	Amount         (₹)         5,00,000         24,000         5,24,000	Particulars By balance b/d (creditors)	(₹) 60,000 4,64,000	=

Particulars	Amount	
	(₹)	
Subscriptions received during the year	1,60,00	0
Add: Subscriptions outstanding on 31.3.2020	11,60	0
Add: Subscriptions received in advance on 31.3.201	.9 17,00	0 <sup>1</sup> /2 <b>x 6</b>
Less: Subscriptions outstanding on 31.3.2019	(38,000	)) =
Less: Subscriptions received in advance on 31.3.202	20 (9,000	) <b>3 marks</b>
Subscriptions to be credited to Income and Expendi A/c	ture <b>1,41,60</b>	0
Q. (a) P, Q and R were partners working not	es clearly.	
A ===		
Ans. Journal		

Capital A/c	s omitted, now		1,500	1,500 Total	2 marks
rest on drawing fied)	s omitted, now	of Drawin	_		2 marks
fied)	et of Omission	of Drawin	_	Total	
otes:	Р		_	Total	
	Р		_	Total	
	Р		_	Total	
		Q	N N		
	(₹)	(₹)	(₹)	10101	
Drawings (Dr.)	1,000	1,500	2,500	5,000	2 marks
	2,500	1,500	1,000	5,000	= 2+2 =
	1,500 (Cr.)	-	1,500(Dr.)		4 marks
	OR				OR
		1,500 (Cr.)	1,500 (Cr.) -	1,500 (Cr.) - 1,500(Dr.)	1,500 (Cr.) - 1,500(Dr.)

for the y	ear ended	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2020		
		·		
Dr			Cr	
Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount	
	(₹)		(₹)	
To Profit transferred to		By Profit & Loss A/c-	17,50,000	
		balance b/d		1 x 4
W's Capital A/c 7,00,000				
-guarantee to X ( $2,00,000$ )	5,00,000			=
X's Capital A/c 7,00,000				
+Guaranteed				4 marks
Amount <u>3,00,000</u>	10,00,000			
Y's Capital A/c 3,50,000				
- Guarantee to X				
( <u>1,00,000</u> )	2,50,000			
	17,50,000		17,50,000	

Partic	ulars	Note No.	Current	Previous	
			year	year	
			(₹)	(₹)	
I. Equ	ity & Liabilities				
Share	holders' Funds				
(8	a) Share Capital	1	17,70,000		1 mark
	to Accounts				
Note	to Accounts Particulars		Amount (₹)		
Note No.	_		Amount (₹)		
Note No.	Particulars				
Note No.	Particulars           SHARE CAPITAL	₹10 each		<u>0</u>	¹⁄2 mark
Notes Note I.	Particulars           SHARE CAPITAL           Authorized Capital	₹10 each	(₹)	0	¹∕₂ marl

	Subscribed Capital	
	Subscribed and Fully paid	
	15,250 equity share of ₹100 each 15,25,000	2 marks
	Subscribed but not Fully paid	
	3,500 equity share of ₹100 each       3,50,000         Less Calls in arrears       (1,05,000)       2,45,000	
	<u>17,70,000</u>	
		= 4 marks
17	Q. Pass the necessary journal entries in the ratio of 5:3.	
	Ans.	

	Journal				
Date	Particulars		Dr Amount (₹)	Cr Amount (₹)	
	<ul> <li>(a)</li> <li>Realisation A/c</li> <li>To Cash/ Bank A/c</li> <li>(Realisation expenses paid by the f</li> </ul>	Dr. ïrm)	4,000	4,000	
	<ul> <li>(ii)</li> <li>Cash/ Bank A/c</li> <li>To Realisation A/c</li> <li>(Machinery sold and commission p</li> </ul>	Dr. paid)	46,500	46,500	1 x 4 = 4 marks
	<ul> <li>(iii)</li> <li>Cash/ Bank A/c</li> <li>To Realisation A/c</li> <li>(Amount received from creditors)</li> </ul>	Dr.	20,000	20,000	
	<ul> <li>(iv)</li> <li>X's Capital A/c</li> <li>Y's Capital A/c</li> <li>To Realisation A/c</li> <li>(Loss on Realisation divided betwee partners)</li> </ul>	Dr. Dr. een the	25,000 15,000	40,000	

10		
18	Q. State whether the claim is valid if the partnership deed is silent	
	interest on capital @8% p.a.	
	<b>Ans.</b> (a) No, the claim is not valid.	(1 mark for
		stating
	Dessen In the change of a northernalized interaction Destroy I	whether the
	Reason- In the absence of a partnership deed, interest on Partners Loan is	claim is valid
	given @ 6% p.a.	+
		1 mark for
		reason
		=
		2 marks)
	(b) No, the claim is not valid.	+
		(1 mark for
		stating
	Reason- In the absence of a partnership deed, interest on Capital is not	whether the
	allowed to the partners.	claim is valid
		+
		1 mark for
		reason
		=
		2 marks)
		=
		2+2
		=
		4 marks
19	Q. From the following Receipts	

Ans.	Cool (			
		xpenditure A/c		
	e year ende	d March 31, 2020		
Dr.			Cr.	(1 mark fo
Expenditure	Amount	Income	Amount	subscription
	(₹)		(₹)	+
To Salaries	33,500	By Subscriptions	60,000	1 mark for
				depreciation +
To Printing	23,000	By Proceeds from		1 mark for interest
		Charity Show 81,700		on investment
To Sports Material		Less outstanding in the		+ 1 mark
consumed	21,000	beginning (1,700)	80,000	for surplus)
	,			+ <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> mark
To Depreciation on		By Interest accrued on		for all
_	2 000		2 500	other items
Furniture	2,000	Investments	3,500	$(1/2 \times 4)$
				2 marks =
To surplus- excess of				4+2 =
income over expenditure	64,000			6 marks
-	<u>1,43,500</u>		<u>1,43,500</u>	
Q. (i) Anand Ltd. Purchas	and marks	any wanth		

Ans. (i	)			
	Anand Ltd.			
	Journal			
Date	Particulars	Dr.	Cr.	
		Amount	Amount	
		(₹)	(₹)	
	Machinery A/c Dr.	3,15,000		
	To Mahima Ltd. A/c		3,15,000	1 mark
	(Machinery purchased from Mahima Ltd.)			
	Mahima Ltd. A/c Dr.	3,15,000		
	Discount on issue of 10% debentures A/c Dr.	35,000		
	To 10% Debentures A/c		3,50,000	2 marks
				=
	(Issued 35,000, 10% Debentures of 100			1+2
	each at a discount of 10% as purchase			=
	consideration)			3 marks

	Manas Ltd.			
	Journal			
Date	Particulars	Dr.	Cr.	
		Amount	Amount	
		(₹)	(₹)	
	Bank A/c Dr.	11,00,000		
	To 7% Debenture Application and Allotment A/c		11,00,000	1 mark
	(Debenture Application money received on 10,000 Debentures)			
	7% Debenture Application and     Allotment A/c   Dr.	11,00,000		
	Anotinent A/C DI.	11,00,000		
	Loss on issue of 10% Debentures			
	A/c Dr.	1,00,000		
				2 marks
	To 7% Debentures A/c		10,00,000	
				=
	To Premium on Redemption of		1,00,000	1+2
	Debentures A/c			=
				3 marks
	To Securities Premium Reserve A/c		1,00,000	
				=

(Debentures Appl	ication money	4		3+3
transferred to deb	entures A/c)			=
				6 marks
<b>Q.</b> (a) <b>R</b> and <b>S</b> were partne	rs Capita	al Accounts		
Ans.				
Dr. Reva	aluation A/c		Cr.	
Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount	
	(₹)		(₹)	
To Machinery A/c	5,000	By Land and Building	8,000	
		A/c		
To Stock A/c	2,000			1 x 4
				=
To Profit transferred to:				4 marks
R's Capital A/c 600				
S's Capital A/c <u>400</u>	1,000			
	8,000		<u>8,000</u>	
	I	L		

Dr.		Part	ners Ca	pital Accounts			Cr.	<sup>1</sup> ⁄2 mark
Particulars	R	S	М	Particulars	R	S	М	for
1 articulars	(₹)	(₹)	(₹)	1 articulars	(₹)	(₹)	(₹)	balance b/d
				By Balance b/d	60,000	40,000	-	+
To Balance	1,08,600	72,400	80,000					1 mark for
c/d				By Bank A/c	-	-	80,000	premium
				by built file			00,000	- +
								1 mark for
				By General	12,000	8,000	-	General
				Reserve				Reserve
								+
				By Premium for				<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> mark for
				goodwill A/c	36,000	24,000	-	Revaluation
								profit
				By Revaluation				+
				A/c	600	400	-	<sup>1</sup> ⁄2 mark for
	<u>1,08,600</u>	<u>72,400</u>	<u>80,000</u>		<u>1,08,600</u>	<u>72,400</u>	<u>80,000</u>	M's Capital
								+
								<sup>1</sup> ⁄2 mark for
								balance c/d
								=
								– 4 marks
								4 mar K5 =
								= 4+4
								= 8 marks
								o marks
				OR				
								OR

Dr. Revalu	ation A/c		Cr.	
Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount	
	(₹)		(₹)	
To Furniture A/c	500	By Land A/c	30,000	
To Provision for legal claims				
A/c	3,500			
To Profit transferred to:				1 x 4 =
X's Capital A/c 13,000				4 marks
Y's Capital A/c 7,800				
Y's Capital A/c <u>5,200</u>	26,000			
	30,000		30,000	

					ital Account	S		Cr.	
ticulars	culars	X	Y	Z	Particulars	X	Y	Z	
		(₹)	(₹)	(₹)		(₹)	(₹)	(₹)	1 mark for
	ul A/c 10	10,000	6,000	-	By Balance b/d	1,20,000	97,000	71,000	Profit and Loss A/c +
Z's loan Bank		-	-	90,000	By Profit and Loss A/c	11,250	6,750	4,500	1 mark for Goodwill
;		-	-	6,700	By X's Capital A/c	-	-	10,000	+ ½ mark for Revaluation
Balance 1,34	alance 1,3	1,34,250	1,05,550	-	By Y's capital A/c	-	-	6,000	profit + ½ mark for
					By Revaluation	13,000	7,800	5,200	transfer Z's Capital
1.44	1.4	1,44,250	1,11,550	96,700	A/c	1,44,250	1,11,550	96,700	
		- 1,34,250 <u>1,44,250</u>	- 1,05,550 <u>1,11,550</u>		Capital A/c By Y's capital A/c By	-	-	6,000	½ mark f Revaluati profit + ½ mark f transfer Z

iecess	ary.			
Ans.				
	A Ltd.			
	Journal			
	Journar			
Date	Particulars	Dr.	Cr.	
		Amount	Amount	
		(₹)	(₹)	
	Bank A/c Dr.	4,50,000		
		, ,		
	To Equity Share Application A/c		4,50,000	
	(Application money received on 1,50,000			
	equity shares)			
	Equity Share Application A/c Dr.	4,50,000		
	To Equity Share Capital A/c		3,00,000	
	To Bank A/c		1,50,000	
	(Application money transferred to share			
	capital, balance returned)			

			1 x 8
 Equity Share Allotment A/c Dr.	3,00,000		
			=
To Equity Share Capital A/c		2,00,000	8 mark
To Securities Premium Reserve A/c		1,00,000	
(Allotment money due on 1,00,000 equity			
shares @₹3 per share including premium of			
₹1 per share)			
Bank A/c Dr.	3,00,000		
To Equity Share Allotment A/c		3,00,000	
(Allotment money received on 1,00,000			
shares)			
 Equity Share First and Final Call A/c Dr.	2,00,000		
To Equity Share Capital A/c		2,00,000	
(First call money due on 1,00,000 equity			
shares)			

Bank A/c	Dr.	1,98,800		
Calls in arrears A/c	Dr.	1,200		
To Equity Share First and Final C	all A/c		2,00,000	
(Share First Call money received ex-	cept on			
Or				
Bank A/c	Dr.	1,98,800		
To Equity Share First and Final Ca	all A/c		1,98,800	
(Share First Call money received ex- 600 equity shares)	cept on			
Equity Share Second and Final Call	A/c Dr.	3,00,000		
To Equity Share Capital A/c			3,00,000	
(Second and Final call money due of 1,00,000 equity shares)	n			

	Bank A/c	Dr.	2,98,200		
	Calls in arrears A/c	Dr.	1,800		
	To Equity Share Second and Final	Call A/c		3,00,000	
	(Share Second and Final call money except on 600 equity shares)	received			
	or				
	Bank A/c	Dr.	2,98,200		
	To Equity Share First and Final Ca	all A/c		2,98,200	
	(Share First Call money received ex 600 equity shares)	cept on			
	OR		<u> </u>		
o) Pa	ss journal entries				

	AXN Ltd.			
	Journal			
Date	Particulars	Dr.	Cr.	
		Amount	Amount	
		(₹)	(₹)	
	Share Capital A/c Dr.	24,000		
	To Share Forfeiture A/c		16,800	
	To Calls in arrears A/c		7,200	
	(2,400 shares forfeited for non payment of final call)			
	or			2 marks
	Share Capital A/c Dr.	24,000		
	To Share Forfeiture A/c		16,800	
	To Share Final Call A/c		7,200	
	(2,400 shares forfeited for non payment of final call)			

	Bank A/c D	r. 6,400	~	
	Share Forfeiture A/c D	r. 1,600	0	
	To Share Capital A/c		8,000	1 mark
	(800 shares reissued @₹8 per share ful	ly paid)		
	Share Forfeiture A/c D	r. 4,000	0	
	To Capital Reserve A/c		4,000	
	(Gain on reissue of shares transferred t	o		1 mark
	capital reserve)			= 2+1+1
				= 4 marks
( <b>ii</b> )				
	Vanya Ltd.			
	Journal			
<b></b>	Particulars	Dr.	Cr.	
Date				

Machinery A/c	Dr.	9,00,000		
Land and Building A/c	Dr.	13,50,000		
Furniture A/c	Dr.	8,50,000		
To Sundry Creditors A/c			3,00,000	
To Capital reserve A/c			10,00,000	2 marks
To Hardik Ltd. A/c			18,00,000	
(Assets purchased and liabilities tak over of Hardik Ltd.)	en			
 Hardik Ltd. A/c	Dr.	18,00,000		
To Equity Share Capital A/c			10,00,000	
To Bank A/c			8,00,000	2 marks
(Shares issued and cheque paid as				=
consideration)				2+2
				=

PART B	
OPTION 1	
Q. Which of the following	
Ans. (D)/ It identifies the reason for change in the financial position of the	1 mark
firm.	
Q will be the operating ratio	
<b>Ans.</b> 16.21%	1 mark
O Liquid Aggets de not include	
Q. Liquid Assets do not include	
Ans. (C)/ Inventory	1 mark
Q. Which of the following transactions will not result in flow of cash?	
Ans. (B)/ Cash deposited into Bank 12,50,000	1 mark
	OPTION 1         Analysis of Financial Statements         Q. Which of the following         Ans. (D)/ It identifies the reason for change in the financial position of the firm.         Q

27	Q. While preparing Cash Flow Statement	
	Ans. (C)/ Operating Activity	1 mark
28	Q. Horizontal analysis is also known as analysis.	
	Ans. Trend	1 mark
20		
29	Q helps to assess the short term solvency of a business.	
	Ans. (C) / Liquidity Ratio	1 mark
30	Q. (a) The Current Ratio of a company is 2:1. State giving	
		1⁄2 mark for
	Ans. (i) Improve the ratio because payment to creditors will decrease both	improve or
	Current assets and Current Liabilities by the same amount.	reduce
		+
		1 mark for
	(ii) <b>Reduce</b> the ratio because both Current Assets and Current Liabilities will	reason
	increase by the same amount.	=

			$1\frac{1}{2} \times 2$
			- 3 marks
		OR	OR
(b) Und	ler which heads		
	Items	Heads	
(i)	Loose Tools	Current Assets	1 x 3
(ii)	Capital Reserve	Shareholders' Funds	=
(iii)	Bills Payable	Current Liabilities	3 marks
<b>Q.</b> (a) F	From the following inform	mation, prepare a Comparative	
Ans.			
	<b>Comparative S</b>	tatement of Profit & Loss	
	for the years end	ling 31 March 2019 & 2020	

Particulars	31	31	Absolute	Percentage	
	March	March	Change	Change	
	2018-19	2019-20			
	(₹)	(₹)	(₹)		
Revenue from	45,00,000	60,00,000	15,00,000	33.33	½ mark
Operations					/2 mar x
Total Revenue	45,00,000	60,00,000	15,00,000	33.33	<sup>1</sup> /2 mark
Less Expenses:					
(a) Employee					½ mark
benefit expenses	20,00,000	30,00,000	10,00,000	50	
(b) Other					
	10.00.000	15 00 000	5 00 000	50	
Expenses	10,00,000	15,00,000	5,00,000	50	<sup>1</sup> ⁄2 mark
Total Expenses	30,00,000	45,00,000	15,00,000	50	½ mark
I · · · ·	, ,	- , - , - ,	- , ,		,2
Profit before Tax	15,00,000	15,00,000	-	-	½ mark
Less Tax	9,00,000	9,00,000	-	-	½ mark
Profit after Tax	6,00,000	6,00,000	-	-	½ mark
					=
					4 marks

Ans.	ommon Size	Balanco Sh	eet		
				2020	
Particulars	31.3.19	31.3.20	2019	2020	
	(₹)	(₹)	(% of	(% of	
			total)	total)	
I. Equity and					
Liabilities					
1. Shareholders Funds	2,00,000	4,00,000	50	50	<sup>1</sup> /2 mark
2. Non Current liabilities	1,00,000	2,50,000	25	31.25	<sup>1</sup> ⁄2 mark
3. Current Liabilities	1,00,000	1,50,000	25	18.75	½ mark
					1 mark
Total	4,00,000	8,00,000	100	100	
II. Assets					
1. Non Current assets	2,50,000	5,00,000	62.50	62.50	<sup>1</sup> ⁄2 mark
2. Current assets	1,50,000	3,00,000	37.50	37.50	½ mark
	4,00,000	8,00,000	100	100	½ mark
		<u> </u>		LJ	=
					– 4 marks

Ans.				
Cash Flows	from Investing	Activities		
Partic	ulars	A	Amount	
			(₹)	
Proceeds from Sale of Plant and	nd Machinery		40,000	
				<sup>1</sup> ⁄2 mark
Purchase of Plant and machine	ery		(1,85,000)	+
				<sup>1</sup> /2 mark
Goodwill Purchased			(80,000)	+
				<sup>1</sup> /2 mark
Cash Flows from Investing A	Activities		(2,25,000)	=
				=
Dr. Plant	and Machinery	A/c	Cr.	=
				=
Dr. Plant	and Machinery	A/c	Cr.	
Dr. Plant Particulars	and Machinery Amount (₹) 2,00,000	A/c Particulars	Cr. Amount (₹)	= 1 ½ mark
Dr. Plant Particulars To balance b/d	and Machinery Amount (₹) 2,00,000	A/c Particulars By Bank A/c-	Cr. Amount (₹)	=
Dr. Plant Particulars To balance b/d To Profit and Loss A/c - Gain	and Machinery Amount (₹) 2,00,000 on	A/c Particulars By Bank A/c- sale	Cr. Amount (₹) 40,000	= 1 ½ marks 1 ½ marks
Dr. Plant Particulars To balance b/d To Profit and Loss A/c - Gain sale of machinery	and Machinery . Amount (₹) 2,00,000 on 5,000	A/c Particulars By Bank A/c- sale By Deprecation	Cr. Amount (₹) 40,000 50,000	= 1 ½ mark

	Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
	Particulars	Amount (F)	
	Description from the set of Channel (Inclusion Course) (Channel Street	(₹)	
	Proceeds from Issue of Shares (Including Securities	0.40.000	1
	Premium Reserve)	8,40,000	1 mark
			+
	Issue of Debentures	1,00,000	1 mark
			+
	Interest paid on Debentures	(36,000)	1 mark
	Cash Flows from Financing Activities	(9,04,000)	=
			3 marks
			=
			3+3
			=
			6 marks
	PART B		
	<b>OPTION II</b>		
	Computerised Accounting		
23	Q. SQL stands for		
	Ans. (C)/ Structured Query language		1 mark
	This (C) Structured Query language		1 11141 K

24	Q. Define 'Range'.	
2.	Ans. A small group of contiguous cell is known as range.	1 mark
25	Q. Which of the following is not an advantage	
	<b>Ans.</b> (D)/ Faster obsolescence of technology.	1 mark
26	Q. The function PMT is used for	
27	Ans. (C) / Loan Payment Schedule	1 mark
21	Q. State any two attributes of information	
	<b>Ans.</b> Attributes of information: (Any two)	
	(i) Name	
	(ii) ID	
		<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> x 2
	(iii) Location	=
		1 mark
	(iv) Designation	

	(v) Basic Pay	
28	Q. A is defined as a large sheet which	
20	Ans. Spreadsheet	1 mark
29	Q. Which of the following is the correct activity	
	<b>Ans.</b> (A)/ Collect data, organise data, process data and communicate data.	1 mark
30	Q. (a) State any three features of Computerised	
	Ans. Features of computerized accounting system: (Any three)	
	(i) Simple and integrated.	
	(ii) Transparency and control.	1 x 3
	(iii) Accuracy and speed.	= 3 marks
	(iv) Scalability.	

	(v) Reliability	
	OR Q. (b) State any three types of accounting vouchers	OR
	Ans. Types of accounting vouchers:	
	(i) Contra Vouchers	
	(ii) Payment Vouchers	1 x 3 = 3 marks
	(iii) Receipt Vouchers	
31	Q. (a) Explain any four limitations of Computerised	
	Ans. Limitations of Computerised accounting system:	
	(i) Faster obsolescence of technology necessitates investment in shorter period of time.	1 x 4 =
	(ii) Data may be lost or corrupted due to power interruptions.	4 marks

(iii) Data is prone to hacking. (iv) Un-programmed and un-specified reports cannot be granted. OR OR **Q.** (b) Explain adjusting entries. Ans. The Adjusting entry is recorded to relate the figures to the trading period. Suppose, premises have been sublet on March 31, and three months' rent, has been received in advance amounting to Rs. 9000. While preparing accounts up to 31st 4 marks March, one should take into account only one month's rent for preparing the profit and loss account (accounting period concept); the rest two month's rent, already received is for the next year and will be credited to profit and loss account next year. The adjusting entry will be: Rent Account Dr To Advance Rent Account Rent Received in advance Account is a 'Liability' and is shown in the balance sheet.

32	Q. Explain how a software provides data security to its users.	
52	Q. Explain now a software provides data security to its users.	
	Ans. A software provides data security in three ways:	
	(i) <u>Password security:</u>	
	Password is widely accepted security control to access the data.	
	Only the authorised person can access the data. Any user who	
	does not know the password cannot retrieve information from	
	the system. It ensures data integrity. It uses a binary encoding	
	format of storage and offers access to the data base.	
	(ii) <u>Data Audit:</u>	
	Audit feature of accounting software provides the user with	
	administrator right in order to keep track of unauthorised access	
	to the data base. It audit for the correctness of entries. Once	2+2+2
	entries are audited with adulterations, if any, the software	=
	displays all entries along with the name of the auditor user and	6 marks
	date and time of alteration.	
	(iii) <u>Data vault:</u>	
	Software provides additional security for the imputed data and this feature	
	is referred as data vault. Data vault ensures that original information is	
	presented and is not tempered. Data vault password cannot be broken.	
	Some software uses data encryption method.	