Marking Scheme Strictly Confidential (For Internal and Restricted use only) Secondary School Examination, 2023 SUBJECT NAME -HOME SCIENCE (SUBJECT CODE -064) (PAPER CODE-37)

Gener	al Instructions: -
1	You are aware that evaluation is the most important process in the actual and correct assessment of the candidates. A small mistake in evaluation may lead to serious problems which may affect the future of the candidates, education system and teaching
	profession. To avoid mistakes, it is requested that before starting evaluation, you must read and understand the spot evaluation guidelines carefully.
2	"Evaluation policy is a confidential policy as it is related to the confidentiality of the examinations conducted, evaluation done and several other aspects. Its' leakage to public in any manner could lead to derailment of the examination system and affect the life and future of millions of candidates. Sharing this policy/document to anyone, publishing in any magazine and printing in News Paper/Website, etc. may invite action under various rules of the Board and IPC."
3	Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the Marking Scheme. It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration. Marking Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed. However, while evaluating, answers which are based on latest information or knowledge and/or are innovative, they may be assessed for their correctness otherwise and due marks be awarded to them. In class-X, while evaluating two competency-based questions, please try to understand given answer and even if reply is not from marking scheme but correct competency is enumerated by the candidate, due marks should be awarded.
4	The Marking scheme carries only suggested value points for the answers These are in the nature of Guidelines only and do not constitute the complete answer. The students can have their own expression and if the expression is correct, the due marks should be awarded accordingly.
5	The Head-Examiner must go through the first five answer books evaluated by each evaluator on the first day, to ensure that evaluation has been carried out as per the instructions given in the Marking Scheme. If there is any variation, the same should be zero after deliberation and discussion. The remaining answer books meant for evaluation shall be given only after ensuring that there is no significant variation in the marking of individual evaluators.
6	Evaluators will mark ($$) wherever answer is correct. For wrong answer CROSS 'X" be marked. Evaluators will not put right (\checkmark) while evaluating which gives an impression that answer is correct and no marks are awarded. This is most common mistake which evaluators are committing.
7	If a question has parts, please award marks on the right-hand side for each part. Marks awarded for different parts of the question should then be totaled up and written in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may be followed strictly.
8	If a question does not have any parts, marks must be awarded in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may also be followed strictly.
9	If a student has attempted an extra question, answer of the question deserving more marks should be retained and the other answer scored out with a note "Extra Question".
10	No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized only once.

11	A full scale of marks 70 (example 0 to 80/70/60/50/40/30 marks as given in Question Paper) has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.
12	Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e., 8 hours every day and evaluate 20 answer books per day in main subjects and 25 answer books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines). This is in view of the reduced syllabus and number of questions in question paper.
13	 Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the Examiner in the past: - Leaving answer or part there of unassessed in an answer book. Giving more marks for an answer than assigned to it.
	 Wrong totaling of marks awarded on an answer. Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page. Wrong question wise totaling on the title page. Wrong totaling of marks of the two columns on the title page.
	 Wrong grand total. Marks in words and figures not tallying/not same. Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list.
	 Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark is correctly and clearly indicated. It should merely be a line.Same is with the X for incorrect answer.) Half or a part of answer marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks awarded
14	While evaluating the answer books if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as cross (X) and awarded zero (0) Marks.
15	Any un assessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totaling error detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in orderto uphold the prestige of all concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and judiciously.
16	The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the "Guidelines for spot Evaluation" before starting the actual evaluation.
17	Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over to the title page, correctly totaled and written in figures and words.
18	The candidates are entitled to obtain photocopy of the Answer Book on requeston payment of the prescribed processing fee. All Examiners/Additional Head Examiners/Head Examiners are once again reminded that they must ensure that evaluation is carried out strictly as per value points for each answer as given in the Marking Scheme.

CLASS X HOME SCIENCE (2022-2023) MARKING SCHEME

Q. No.	EXPECTED ANSWER/VALUE POINTS	Marks
	SECTION A	
1.	(a) Sexual maturity	1
2.	(d) Rust	1
3.	(b) 20	1
4.	(d) Not establishing balance	1
5.	(a) FSSAI	1
6.	(b) Putting cockroach trap on drains	1
7.	(a) Light	1
8.	(c) Before throwing garbage	1
9.	(b) A-i, B-iv, C-ii, D-iii	1
10.	(c) A-iii, B-iv, C-ii, D-i	1
11.	(b) ii and iv	1
12.	(d) i and iii	1
13.	(a) Buy sealed packet/bottle	1
14.	(c) Carbohydrates	1
15.	Note- Deficiency diseases is not in syllabus. One mark should be awarded	1
10	for attempting the question.	4
16.		1
17.	(d) II and V	1
18.	Note- Types of milk is not in syllabus. One mark should be awarded for	1
10 (2)	Montion four advantages of making a time plan	
19.(a)	Mertion four advantages of making a time plan.	
	Four advantages of making a time plan-	¹ ⁄2 X4=2
	1. Saves time	,
	2. Conserves/saves energy	
	3. Better management of resources	
	4. Time for recreation/ other activities /hobbies	
	Avoids last minute stress/ anxiety/ tension	
	Helps in advance planning /Can plan ahead	
	Can think of various solutions/options to the problems/situation	
	8. Handle emergency situations	
	9. Increases productivity	
	10. Enhances efficiency	
	12. Timely achievement of goals	
	Any other Any four	
		OB
(b)	To save energy activities should be performed in a proper order	1+1=2
()	Explain giving one example.	•••-=
	An example to save energy, activities should be performed in a proper	
	order –	
	Example 1	
	While cleaning the table after meals-	1 mark for
	Collect all the plates of the same size Put smaller plates on top of the bigger	example
	ones \longrightarrow Keep them on a tray \longrightarrow Put all spoons on sides of plates \longrightarrow	
	Take them to kitchen — Now wipe the table	1 mark for
	I his will save energy as it reduces the number of trips/ movement to the kitchen.	explanation

	Example 2	
	While washing the clothes-	
	Sorting	
	This will save energy as it reduces the time and effort to wash clothes.	
	Any other suitable example, Any one	
20.(a)	Inform your family about the four ways of suitable cleanliness of the	
	kitchen dustbin.	
	Four ways of suitable cleanliness of the kitchen dustbin-	½X4=2
	Dustbin should be-	
	1. lined with newspaper/disposable bag and fitted.	
	2. cleaned regularly.	
	3. kept dry.	
	4. covered.	
	5. emptied daily.	
	6. not overflowing.	
	Any other, Any four	
		00
(h)	UR (Drener starses of food holes to provent contemination ' Suggest to your younger	UR
(D)	Proper storage of food helps to prevent contamination. Suggest to your younger	
	sister, four hygienic practices to be followed during storage of food in the	
	reingerator at nome.	
	Four bygionic practices to be followed during storage of food in the	1/2 X/-2
	refrigerator at home-	/284-2
	1. Defrigerators abound be set at the right temperature $(1^{\circ}C)$ to $4^{\circ}C$	
	 Nen vegetarian fanda abauld be wranned congrately in small ready to use. 	
	2. Non-vegetarian 1000s should be wrapped separately in small ready to use	
	Packets. 3 Porishable foods should be refrigerated within 2 hours of purchase	
	A All foods should be covered	
	5 Baw and cooked food should be stored separately	
	6 Foods which absorb flavours/smells should be stored away from those	
	that give strong flavours/smells	
	7. Bule of First In First Out (FIFO) must be followed.	
	8. Regular inspection and cleaning of refrigerator should be followed.	
	9. Any spills and food deposits in refrigerator should be cleaned	
	immediately.	
	Any other, Any four	
21.(a)	What is the full form of FSSAI? Write names of any two food products on which	1+1=2
	this mark is given.	
	Full form of FSSAI-	1
	Food Safety and Standards Authority of India	
	Two food products on which this marks is given-	1/2 X2-1
	1 Tinned/Canned/Frozen food items	/2//2 - 1
	2. Pickles	
	3. Jams/Jellies/Marmalades	
	4. Sauces	
	5. Vinegar	
	6. Packaged milk	
	7. Bread	
	8. Tea/Coffee	
	9. Packed Spices/Cereals/Pulses	
	· · · ·	

	10.Biscuits/Chips			
	Any other, Any two food items			
(b)	List any four problems faced by consume items.	ers in our country while purchasing food	Un	
	Four problems faced by consumers in items-	our country while purchasing food	¹ ⁄2 X4=2	
	 Price variation in goods/commodit Price variation in services 	les		
	 Substandard products Imitation/Duplication/Fake copy 			
	 Adulteration Faulty/Defective weights and mea 	sures		
	 Non-availability/Hoarding of produ Black-marketing 	cts		
	 9. Incomplete information on labels/p 10. Misleading/False advertisements 	pamphlets/leaflets		
	11. Incomplete information by shopke	epers/salespersons		
22	There are teal curry milk and ink stains (on a bedsheet. Identify the category of		
	each stain.	a beached. Ronkiy the bategory of		
	Category of following stains-		¹ ⁄2 X4=2	
	1.Tea-Vegetable			
	2. Curry-Vegetable/Grease			
	3. MIIK-ANIMAI			
23	Why should Suresh purchase products h	aving standardized marks? Write any		
20.	two reasons.	aving standardized marks. Write any		
	Two reasons for purchasing products with standardized marks-			
	Products are-			
	2 pure/of good quality	511.		
	3. safe to use/not hazardous.			
	4. not harmful for the environment.			
	5. not fake/duplicate/replica of origin	al.		
	6. manufactured in accordance with	the norms laid down by the		
	7. worth their price.			
	Any other, Any two			
24.	Explain the difference between Peak load	d period and Leisure period. Give one		
	example of each.			
	Peak Load Period	Leisure Period	½ X4=2	
	Certain times of the day when a	Rest period, time when one is not		
	number of activities have to be	working or occupied. It includes rest		
	Example - Morning hours when family	Example - Listening to music		
	members leave for work. school etc.	Gardening, Watching T.V. Exercise.		
		Sleeping etc.		
	Any other difference with any one exa	тріе		

25.	Every time the season changes, some clothes are stored. Which four points	
	should be kept in mind while storing clothes?	
	Four points to be kept in mind while storing clothes-	¹ ⁄2 X4=2
	1. Clothes should be sorted and stored according to the nature of fibres.	
	2. Clothes should be aired/sun dried and brushed.	
	3. All holes, tears, broken fasteners etc, should be mended.	
	4. Pins, buckles etc. should be removed.	
	5 Stains should be removed immediately	
	6 Dirty clothes should be washed thoroughly dried and ironed properly	
	7 Buttons and zins should be closed	
	8 Airtight hoves/hags/curboards should be used for storing	
	0. Antight boxes/bags/cupboards should be used for storing.	
	 Fuckets should be inverted and emptied. Curboards and bayes abould be aproved with insect repailent before 	
	to. Cupboards and boxes should be sprayed with insect repellent before	
	Storing Ciotnes.	
	11. Insect repellent like naphtnalene balls/flakes, campnor, neem leaves etc.	
	snould be used.	
	I∠. Fumigation can also be done.	
	13. Clothes may be wrapped in newspaper/brown paper/muslin cloth.	
	Any other, Any four	
26.	One-year-old Mridul opens or breaks each of his toys and keeps on examining	1+2=3
	them. Identify which type of play this is. Also state the names of four other types	
	of play.	
	Type of play-	1
	Exploratory/Curious play	
	Names of four other types of play-	½ X4=2
	1. Active	
	2. Passive	
	3. Natural	
	4. Serious/Make-believe/Role play	
	5. Solitary	
	6. Cooperative/Group	
	7. Parallel	
	Any other. Any four	
27.	'Adolescence is a period of stress and storm' Justify this statement by giving	
	three points	
	Three points-	1X3-3
	1 Negative neer pressure	
	2 Disagreement/ arguments with parents siblings friends teachers etc	
	3 Identity crisis	
	4 Banid physical and sexual changes	
	5 Academic pressure	
	6. Career related issues	
	7 Body image issues	
	8 Mood ewinge	
	0. Modu swings 9. Faaling intense amotions	
	J. Teening intense enotions	
	11 Casual attitude	
	Any other. Any three points related to development	
	Any other, any three points related to development	
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28.(a)	Which six points should the mother of a school-going ten-year-old Ragini keep in	
	mind while planning a tiffin for her?	
	Six points the mother of a school-going ten-year-old Ragini should keep in	½ X6=3
	mind while planning a tiffin for her-	
	 Nutritious/include maximum food groups/should be balanced Provides satisty/fullpass 	
	3. Attractive and colorful	
	4. Easy to prepare	
	5. Easy to eat/carry/not messy	
	6. Provides variety	
	7. According to likes and dislikes of the child 8. Freshly prepared	
	9. Include seasonal and locally available foods	
	10. Avoid strongly flavoured/spicy/fried foods/junk food	
	Any other, Any six	
	OB	OB
(b)	Describe any three ways to Sakshi to get nutritive food by spending less money.	1X3=3
()		
	Three ways to get nutritive food by spending less money-	
	 Prefer using seasonal foods Substitute expensive foods with low-cost nutritious foods 	
	3 Select locally available foods	
	4. Use parboiled /fermented/germinated/combination of foods	
	5. Utilize left-over food	
	6. Advance planning of menu	
	 Buy ingredients from wholesale market 8 Preserve seasonal food items for future use 	
	9. Prefer freshly prepared home cooked food	
	10. Use vegetables/fruits from kitchen garden	
	11. Appropriate cooking method which saves nutrients and fuel	
29	Suchita wants to starch her cotton saree	1+2-3
23.	(i) Inform her about two materials which can be used to prepare starch.	172-5
	Materials used to prepare starch-	½ X2=1
	1. Arrowroot 2. Bice	
	3. Maida/Refined flour	
	4. Tapioca	
	5. Readymade starch powder/solution	
	6. Water obtained after boiling any starchy food items like pasta, noodles,	
	Any other. Any two	
	(ii) Explain to her the suitable method of applying starch on clothes.	2
	Application of starch-	
	1. Dissolve any starch material into required quantity of water.	
	2. Dip the saree in plain water and squeeze it properly.	
	 Spread/open the saree and dip in starch solution. Squeeze dently and spread in the sup 	
	Any other method	
	•	

	OR	OR
	Rashmi wants to wash her white cotton dupatta at home.	1+2=3
	() Hame two reagents essential for washing clothes.	
	Two reagents	
	1. Soap	½ X2=1
	2. Detergent	
	Any other, Any two	
	(ii) Also give one characteristic of each reagent.	
	One characteristic of each reagent-	
	Soap	1+1=2
	1. Cheap/Inexpensive	
	2. Biodegradable/Environment and skin friendly	
	4. Effective only in soft water	
	Detergent	
	1. Effective in hard water also	
	2. Dissolve in both cold and hot water	
	3. Less water is required for rinsing	
	4. Lowers the surface tension of water Any other. Any one characteristic of each	
30.	While riding a tricycle, four-year-old Tanya is curious to know when her newborn	4
	brother will learn to ride a cycle like her. Explain to her, the gross motor	-
	development from birth to three years of age.	
	Note- Gross motor development from birth to three years of age is not in syllabus. Four marks should be awarded for attempting the question	
31	Many people fell ill after eating besan barfi from a sweet seller shop	2+2-4
•	(i) Which two adulterants may be present in this barfi?	
	Two adulterants present in barfi-	1+1=2
	1. Metanil yellow	
	2. Kesari Dal	
	Any other, Any two	
	(ii) State four ill-effects of these on health.	
	ill -effects of these adulterants on health-	½ X4=2
	1. Cancer	
	2. Anemia	
	3. Mental retardation	
	4. Degeneration of reproductive organs	
	5. Paralysis/Lathyrism	
	0. Failt in lower limbs 7 Pain in joints	
	8. Gastro intestinal disorder/Food poisoning	
	Any other, Any four	
		1

32.	Make a checklist of eight precautions to maintain food hygiene in a kitchen for a person who is cooking and serving food.		
	 Eight precautions to be maintained for food hygiene in a kitc person who is cooking and serving food- Use clean water to wash and cook food. Use separate chopping boards, knives, equipments etc. for and non-vegetarian foods. Food should be kept in clean and covered containers. Food handler should wear clean clothes, apron and dispos Ladles/tongs to be used while cooking and serving food. Food handler should not dip their fingers in glasses. Hold the utensils from the base and avoid touching the foo Food handler should have clean and trimmed nails. Food handler should wash hands with soap and water befor serving the food. Hair of the food handler should be free from any skin infections, wour Food handler should not lick food with their fingers while ta serving the food. Kitchen should be free from household pests. Kitchen should be free from grooves, crevic Food handler should not enter the kitchen with dirty footwe Food handler should not wear rings and jewellery items to lodging. 	hen for a½Xir vegetarian//able gloves.//d.//ore cooking and//nds, cuts etc.//usting and//es or corners.//ar.//avoid food//	8=4
33.	Kavita is a pregnant lady. (i) Which two points should she keep in mind while planning meal	s for herself?	8=4
33.	 Kavita is a pregnant lady. (i) Which two points should she keep in mind while planning meals Two points should be kept in mind while planning meals for p Nutrition dense meals should be planned / Increased am carbohydrates, fats, calcium, iron and other vitamins and m Increased fluid intake Increased fibrous and laxative foods Avoid too much salt/spices/strongly flavoured foods Restrict the consumption of fried foods Lesser intake of spices Avoid alcohol /tobacco Small frequent meals should be given Prefer seasonal and locally available foods 	s for herself? pregnant lady- ount of protein, ninerals	3=4 2=1
33.	 Kavita is a pregnant lady. (i) Which two points should she keep in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be given 3. Increased fluid intake 3. Increased fibrous and laxative foods 4. Avoid too much salt/spices/strongly flavoured foods 5. Restrict the consumption of fried foods 6. Lesser intake of spices 7. Avoid alcohol /tobacco 8. Small frequent meals should be given 9. Prefer seasonal and locally available foods Any other, Any two (ii) Plan a nutritious morning breakfast for her and also mention any provided by it. 	s for herself? pregnant lady- ount of protein, hinerals y three nutrients 11/2+	3=4 2=1 1½= 3
33.	 Kavita is a pregnant lady. (i) Which two points should she keep in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be kept in mind while planning meals for points should be given and the carbohydrates, fats, calcium, iron and other vitamins and more for the seasonal and locally available foods Any other, Any two (ii) Plan a nutritious morning breakfast for her and also mention any provided by it. Examples of Breakfast- 	s for herself? pregnant lady- ount of protein, hinerals y three nutrients 11/2+	3=4 2=1 11⁄2= 3
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33.	Kavita is a pregnant lady. (i) Which two points should she keep in mind while planning meals Two points should be kept in mind while planning meals for p 1. Nutrition dense meals should be planned / Increased am carbohydrates, fats, calcium, iron and other vitamins and n 2. Increased fluid intake 3. Increased fibrous and laxative foods 4. Avoid too much salt/spices/strongly flavoured foods 5. Restrict the consumption of fried foods 6. Lesser intake of spices 7. Avoid alcohol /tobacco 8. Small frequent meals should be given 9. Prefer seasonal and locally available foods Any other, Any two (ii) Plan a nutritious morning breakfast for her and also mention any provided by it. Examples of Breakfast- Menu for the breakfast Nutrients Mix Vegetable Poha (with peanuts), Carbohydrates, Calcium Seasonal Eruit, Milk	y three nutrients 11/2 for herself? pregnant lady- ount of protein, hinerals 11/2 for herself? 11/2 for	=4 2=1 11⁄2= 3
33.	Kavita is a pregnant lady. (i) Which two points should she keep in mind while planning meals for planning the should be kept in mind while planning meals for planning the should be kept in mind while planning meals for planning the should be kept in mind while planning meals for planning the should be kept in mind while planning meals for planning the should be kept in mind while planning meals for planning the should be kept in mind while planning meals for planning the should be kept in mind while planning meals for planning the should be planned / Increased am carbohydrates, fats, calcium, iron and other vitamins and market and should be glanned / Increased am carbohydrates, fats, calcium, iron and other vitamins and market and should be glanned / Increased am carbohydrates fats, calcium, iron and other vitamins and market and should be glanned / Increased fibrous and laxative foods 1. Increased fibrous and laxative foods 1. Increased fibrous and laxative foods 3. Increased fibrous and laxative foods 1. Avoid too much salt/spices/strongly flavoured foods 5. Restrict the consumption of fried foods 1. Lesser intake of spices 7. Avoid alcohol /tobacco 8. Small frequent meals should be given 9. Prefer seasonal and locally available foods Any other, Any two (ii) Plan a nutritious morning breakfast for her and also mention any provided by it. Examples of Breakfast- Menu for the breakfast Nutrients Mix Vegetable Poha (with peanuts), Seasonal Fruit, Milk Carbohydrates, Calcium Vitamin A, Vitamin C, Falsium Vitamin A, Vi	y three nutrients 11/2 for herself? pregnant lady- ount of protein, hinerals 11/2 for here y three nutrients 11/2 for here protein, Iron, ats 11/2 for here here here here here here here here here	=4 2=1 1½= 3 or u for
33.	 Kavita is a pregnant lady. (i) Which two points should she keep in mind while planning meals for participation of the planned best of the planned of the	y three nutrients 1½ pregnant lady- ount of protein, ninerals 1½ y three nutrients 1½ 1½+ 1½+ 1½ f Men breats	=4 2=1 1½= 3 for u for skfast
33.	Kavita is a pregnant lady. (i) Which two points should she keep in mind while planning meals for p 1. Nutrition dense meals should be planned / Increased am carbohydrates, fats, calcium, iron and other vitamins and m 2. Increased fluid intake 3. Increased fibrous and laxative foods 4. Avoid too much salt/spices/strongly flavoured foods 5. Restrict the consumption of fried foods 6. Lesser intake of spices 7. Avoid alcohol /tobacco 8. Small frequent meals should be given 9. Prefer seasonal and locally available foods Any other, Any two (ii) Plan a nutritious morning breakfast for her and also mention any provided by it. Examples of Breakfast- Menu for the breakfast Mix Vegetable Poha (with peanuts), Seasonal Fruit, Milk Vitamin A, Vitamin C, Fa Banana milk shake, Vegetable Dalia With moong dal / Vegetable Vitamin A, Vitamin C, Fa	y three nutrients 11/2 f pregnant lady- ount of protein, ninerals 11/2 f , Protein, Iron, ats , Protein, Iron, ts 11/2 f Men brea 11/2 f	=4 2=1 1½= 3 for u for ukfast for
33.	Kavita is a pregnant lady. (i) Which two points should she keep in mind while planning meals Two points should be kept in mind while planning meals for p 1. Nutrition dense meals should be planned / Increased am carbohydrates, fats, calcium, iron and other vitamins and m 2. Increased fluid intake 3. Increased fibrous and laxative foods 4. Avoid too much salt/spices/strongly flavoured foods 5. Restrict the consumption of fried foods 6. Lesser intake of spices 7. Avoid alcohol /tobacco 8. Small frequent meals should be given 9. Prefer seasonal and locally available foods Any other, Any two (ii) Plan a nutritious morning breakfast for her and also mention any provided by it. Examples of Breakfast- Menu for the breakfast Nutrients Mix Vegetable Poha (with peanuts), Seasonal Fruit, Milk Carbohydrates, Calcium Vitamin A, Vitamin C, Fa Banana milk shake, Vegetable Dalia Carbohydrates, Calcium Vitamin A, Vitamin C, Fa melette/Boiled Eggs Methi Parantha, Vegetable	s for herself? pregnant lady- ount of protein, hinerals y three nutrients , Protein, Iron, ats , Protein, Iron, ts , Protein, Iron, ts , Protein, Iron, ts , Protein, Iron, ts , Protein, Iron, ts	=4 2=1 1½= 3 for u for ukfast for

Any other example of breakfast al	long with any three nutrients provided	
Ravi is working in a city, away from (i) Inform him of any four food group	OR his family and prepares his own food. s.	OR 2+2=4
 Food Groups Cereals, grains and products Pulses and Legumes Milk, meat and their products Fruits and Vegetables Fats and sugars Any four Name any one food included in e 	each food group.	½ X4=2
One food included in each group	Examples	1/2 X4-2
Coroals, grains and products	Wheat lower Poteto etc	/2//
Pulses and Legumes	Kidney Beans, Horsegram, Soyabean etc.	
Milk, meat and their products	Egg, Fish, Chicken, Curd, Cottage cheese etc.	
Fruits and Vegetables	Apple, Banana, Pumpkin, Cabbage etc.	
Fats and sugars	Ghee, Sunflower oil, Refined sugar, Cream, Butter, Jaggery etc.	
 (i)What is Fatigue? Which two types of each. Fatigue When the body gets into a state w The feeling of tiredness causing de Any other suitable definition 	can it be classified into? Give one example where it cannot function efficiently. or esire to stop working.	3+2=5
Two types of fatigue1. Physiological/Physical2. Psychological/MentalAny two		¹ ⁄2 X2=1
 One example of each- Physiological/Physical fatigue 1. Strenuous exercise 2. Lifting heavy articles 3. Wrong posture 4. Long period of physical work 	ŕk	½ X2=1

		r
Psychological/Mental fatigue		
1. Repetitive/Monotonous v	work	
2. Disinterest/Personal disli	ke in any task	
3. Unsatisfactory/Undesirec	l results	
4. Not getting incentive/app	preciation/motivation	
5. Lack of skills in particular	area	
Any other, Any one example fo	r each	
(ii) Write any four ways to reduce	fatigue.	
Four ways to reduce fatigue-		½ X4=2
1. Rest/Relax/Recreational a	activities	
2. Divide work in smaller un	its	
3. Alternate between heavy	and light activities	
4. Use of labour-saving devi	ces	
5. Set small targets/goals		
6. Change routine		
7. Incentives/Motivation/Ar	opreciation	
8. Develop skills at work	•	
9. Conducive work environn	nent	
10.Delegate work/share rest	oonsibilities/ask for help	
11.Positive mindset	· ·	
Any other, Any four		
	OR	OR
(i)What do you understand by wor	k simplification?	1+4=5
Noule Cimendification		
work Simplification A method of doing a job in simpl	est easiest and quickest way possible	1
	Or	
A method of saving time and e	nergy by using a simple procedure and/or a	
labour saving device to complet	e a task.	
Any other suitable definition		
(ii) Elaborate any four ways of wor	rk simplification with suitable examples.	
Four ways of work simplification with suitable examples		
Ways of work simplification	Examples	174=4
1.Dovetailing	Washing clothes while baking	
2.Labour saving devices	Vacuum cleaner, Washing machine, Micro wave etc.	
3. Using readymade items	Frozen vegetables, Ready to eat food items, Tomato puree, Ginger garlic paste etc.	
4.Perform activities in a better	Soaking clothes before washing them	
oraer/sequence		
5 Improvo posturo	Licina long bondlod mon	
5.Improve posture	Using long handled mop Proper lighting and Ventilation	

35.	Name the two techniques to remove stains from clothes. Describe each technique in detail.	2+3=5
	Two techniques to remove stains from clothes- 1. Scraping 2. Dipping 3. Sponging 4. Drop method	1X2=2
	Description of each technique-	1½+1½=3
	1. Scraping	
	It is used to lift off excess staining material and to loosen caked on stains.	
	This can be done using a blunt knife.	
	2. Dipping	
	The stained area is dipped into the reagent and gently scrubbed. It is	
	suitable for a fabric with many stains or one large stain.	
	3. Sponging	
	The stained area is placed on a flat surface. Reagent is applied with a	
	sponge on the stained area and absorbed by the blotting paper laid	
	underneath. The reagent should be worked in a circular movement starting	
	from the outer edge of the stain to the centre.	
	4. Drop method	
	The stained cloth is stretched over a bowl. The reagent is put on	
	wrong(reverse) side of the fabric gradually with a help of dropper, followed	
	by other steps of laundry.	
	Any other, Description of any two	