

Series 4JLZ3€/C





Code No.

2/3/1

Roll No.



Candidates must write the Code on the title page of the answer-book.

NOTE:

- (i) Please check that this question paper contains **13** printed pages.
- (ii) Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- (iii) Please check that this question paper contains 13 questions.
- (iv) Please write down the serial number of the question in the answer-book before attempting it.
- (v) 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

ENGLISH



(Language and Literature)

Time allowed: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them:

- (i) The question paper comprises **two** parts Part A and Part B.
- (ii) Part A 40 marks (includes 40 MCQs)
 Part B 40 marks (includes Subjective Questions)
- (iii) There are 13 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- (iv) Answers should be brief and to the point.
- (v) There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in all questions in Part A and Part B. Make your choice(s) correctly.
- (vi) In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each part and question, wherever necessary.
- (vii) Do not exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the questions in Part B.

2/3/1 *Page 1* P.T.O.



PART A Reading

40 marks 20 marks

1. Read the passage given below:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- Birds have been building nests for over 100 million years. Dinosaurs, the ancestors of birds, also built terrestrial nests over hundreds of millions of years. The diversity we see in bird's nests today is a result of these thousands of bird species, evolving in different environments, creating diverse ways to house and protect their families.
- We think of architecture as a result of conscious design, purpose and aesthetic expression there is, precisely, such architecture in avian nests. These are not unplanned constructions. These are shaped by a history of selection and functionality. Also, the diversity of materials used by birds to build nests is astonishing and birds arrive at this independently.
- As adults, the birds go out into nature alone and gather materials to construct their nests which have very specific structures. They have extraordinary building capacities which show both flexibility and an innate way of interacting with the environment.
- Interestingly, all nests perform a physical job to house and protect a bird's eggs from bad weather and predators. The nest is also often the location of the development of the young. Therefore, knowing the nest's centrality, birds have developed habitat-based strategies to meet these needs. Diverse species use sticks, twigs, webs or mud, handled in specific ways to create the nest they require. Like human builders, birds choose materials related to the actual structure they want.
- Birds' nests also have regular styles of construction historically conditioned by circumstances, like human communities which use bricks or stones. Birds have a similar historical investment in their nests. For instance, a group of land birds, which includes kingfishers, hornbills, and woodpeckers, is about 60 million years old. All of these nest in holes, from ground burrows to holes in trees, where they can safely keep their eggs. None of them has created an alternative way. Nests are, therefore, conservative structures birds don't change the designs much, unless they are sure they are improving on the conditions required for breeding and protecting their young.
- Now weaver birds are an extraordinary example of a group that makes impressive nests. These include an egg chamber suspended from a branch, with a doorway. The complexity is amazing the fibres are interlaced, like weaves. This creates very strong water-repellent structures. The weaver bird starts with a vertical ring, like a hoop, and adds a back hemisphere to this. It then weaves on the front to create a small door. Some species add a tubular passage to the back chamber this can be up to five times the length of the nest.

On the basis of your understanding of the passage, answer *any ten* questions of the twelve given below by choosing the correct options from the ones that follow each question: $10 \times 1 = 10$

- (i) Different birds build their nests in different ways because
 - (a) they want variety.
 - (b) dinosaurs taught them how to build.
 - (c) of environmental differences.
 - (d) their families wanted variety.



- (ii) Birds also have aesthetic sense. They show it through
 - (a) the architecture of their nests.
 - (b) their multi-coloured plumes.
 - (c) how they protect their families.
 - (d) the precision of their nests.
- (iii) When the birds think of building their nests, the most important factor in their minds is
 - (a) its beauty.
 - (b) its purpose.
 - (c) its design.
 - (d) its colour.
- (iv) Which of the following jobs is *not* performed by a bird's nest?
 - (a) To house and protect its eggs.
 - (b) To protect its eggs from bad weather.
 - (c) To protect its eggs from predators.
 - (d) To help the birds to grow up fast.
- (v) The materials all birds use for building their nests are
 - (a) sticks.
 - (b) twigs only.
 - (c) webs or mud.
 - (d) any of the above, according to their specific needs.
- (vi) A woodpecker lays its eggs
 - (a) in a nest made of mud.
 - (b) in a hole in a tree.
 - (c) in a web made of twigs.
 - (d) in a nest made of sticks.
- (vii) The dinosaurs built their nests
 - (a) on land.
 - (b) on the trees.
 - (c) in the marshes.
 - (d) on the seashore.
- (viii) The word 'flexibility' in para 3 does *not* mean the same as
 - (a) elasticity.
 - (b) adjustability.
 - (c) stability.
 - (d) fluidity.
- (ix) The word 'innate' in para 3 means the same as
 - (a) incidental.
 - (b) natural.
 - (c) acquired.
 - (d) superficial.



- (x) Which of the following birds make the most impressive nests?
 - (a) Kingfishers
 - (b) Hornbills
 - (c) Woodpeckers
 - (d) Weaver birds
- (xi) 'Nests are, therefore, conservative structures' means
 - (a) nests are modern in design.
 - (b) nests have to be carefully constructed.
 - (c) nests are traditional in design.
 - (d) nests are flashy and gaudy in looks.
- (xii) The word 'house' in para 1 has been used here as a/an
 - (a) noun.
 - (b) verb.
 - (c) adjective.
 - (d) adverb.

2. Read the passage given below:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

Even as the number of recorded COVID deaths crossed a million on Monday, medical professionals called for balance in the treatment of COVID and non-COVID cases pointing to the fact that every year cardiovascular diseases kill more than 17 million, cancers over 9.5 million and chronic respiratory diseases almost four million. According to the medical journal Lancet's report, Global Burden of Diseases, there are at least 15 different diseases that kill more than a million people every year.

WORLD'S BIGGEST KILLERS					
Disease	Deaths in 2017 (in million)				
Cardiovascular diseases	17.8				
Cancers	9.6				
Chronic respiratory diseases	3.9				
Neurological disorders	3.1				
Digestive diseases	2.4				
Maternal and neonatal disorders	2.0				
Enteric infections	■ 1.8				
Diabetes mellitus	■ 1·4				
Chronic kidney disease	■ 1.2				
Tuberculosis	■ 1·1				
Source : Lancet, Global Burden of Disease, 2017					



- While the swine flu pandemic in 2009 is estimated to have killed about half a million in one year, the 1918 Spanish flu is estimated to have killed about 50 million.
- However, COVID-19 stretched the capacity of health systems as no other pandemic in recent history, as an extraordinary number of patients required hospitalised care and came in at an unexpected pace. A good section of these needed prolonged critical care. With the virus being highly infectious, large numbers are affected in a short time. Just 5 6% of total cases becoming critically ill has meant a huge burden on the health system.
- As health systems geared up for COVID, most other health services were suspended. Referring to a survey across several countries, that showed regular health services were hit in most countries due to COVID, WHO Director General said that many who needed treatment for diseases like cancer, heart ailments and diabetes were not getting the required attention.
- A professor at AIIMS, Delhi said, "We have about three to four patients of stroke or heart attack who are brought dead to the hospital every day. The only difference is that COVID deaths are being counted and these are not."
- A modelling study published in the Lancet Global Health suggested that, worldwide, one in five people were at an increased risk of severe COVID-19 should they become infected, mostly as a result of underlying non-communicable diseases.
- Unfortunately, hospital systems are designed for average patient loads, not epidemics, stated a paper on hospital capacity and operations during COVID-19, published in the Journal of the American Medical Association. It added that most hospitals prided themselves on minimising empty beds, but this could result in their being ill-equipped for an increase in cases. The pandemic brought into focus the slackness in a system under-utilized capacities and capabilities, both physical and human, which could be put to use in a crisis.
- 8 With health systems operating at more than maximum capacity, a Lancet editorial warned that "healthcare workers, unlike ventilators or wards cannot be urgently manufactured or run at 100% occupancy for long periods."

On the basis of your understanding of the passage, answer *any ten* questions of the twelve given below by choosing the correct options from the ones that follow each question: $10 \times 1 = 10$

- (i) What concern was shown by medical professionals?
 - (a) The number of COVID cases was rising.
 - (b) Not enough attention was being paid to non-COVID cases.
 - (c) There was a balance between COVID and non-COVID cases.
 - (d) More patients suffering from COVID were dying.
- (ii) Which of the following statements is *not* true?
 - (a) Respiratory diseases kill more people than cancer.
 - (b) Cardiovascular diseases kill more people than any other disease.
 - (c) Diabetes is not more dangerous than digestive diseases.
 - (d) Many different diseases kill more than a million people every year.

- (iii) Non-COVID patients got neglected as
 - (a) there were not enough doctors for them.
 - (b) there was a sudden rush of COVID patients.
 - (c) there were no specialist hospitals for COVID.
 - (d) COVID is a viral disease.
- (iv) Why does the researcher quote the examples of Swine flu and Spanish flu?
 - (a) They were deadlier than COVID-19.
 - (b) Doctors then had enough experience in treating viral diseases.
 - (c) Vaccines had been prepared for them.
 - (d) COVID-19 required hospitalised care on a massive scale.
- (v) Study the following statements:
 - A. A good section of COVID patients required critical care only for a short duration.
 - B. Those who fell critically ill became a burden on the health system.

Choose the correct option from the following:

- (a) A is right and B is wrong.
- (b) A is wrong and B is right.
- (c) Both A and B are right.
- (d) Both A and B are wrong.
- (vi) The Director General of WHO said that
 - (a) all of COVID deaths were not counted.
 - (b) few countries were involved in the COVID survey.
 - (c) doctors did not have enough time for non-COVID patients.
 - (d) treatment of cancer and diabetes patients could be postponed.
- (vii) "COVID deaths are being counted and these are not." (para 5)

The word 'these' stands for

- (a) COVID patients.
- (b) non-COVID patients.
- (c) hospital staff.
- (d) deaths caused by heart attacks.
- (viii) An important point made in para 6 is that
 - (a) old people were more vulnerable to COVID-19.
 - (b) patients also suffering from other diseases were at a greater risk.
 - (c) one out of every five COVID patients died.
 - (d) non-communicable diseases are as deadly as COVID-19.
- (ix) The expression 'minimising empty beds' means (para 7)
 - (a) that most of the beds are occupied.
 - (b) very few patients are coming to hospitals.
 - (c) most of the patients have recovered.
 - (d) that it is a very small hospital.
- (x) What 'slackness' in our medical system was revealed during the pandemic?
 - (a) Earlier our hospitals had not been put to full use.
 - (b) Our doctors were not efficient enough.
 - (c) More facilities were required.
 - (d) COVID crisis could not be faced.



(xii)	(a) (b) (c) (d) 'As hea	Medic Hospi Venti Healt	ital beds			
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	got re failed got sc succee	eady. eared.			
			Literature 10	0 marks		
		_	iven below and attempt <i>any one</i> of the two by answering the correct options from the given ones:	the 5×1=5		
(A)	With a satisfied expression he regarded the field of ripe corn with its flowers, draped in a curtain of rain. But suddenly a strong wind began to blow and along with the rain very large hailstones began to fall. These truly did resemble new silver coins.					
	(i)	Who i (a) (b) (c) (d)	is 'he'? The writer Lencho A postman The postmaster	1		
	(ii)	What (a) (b) (c) (d)	satisfied him? Rainfall Coins of silver A strong wind Large hailstones	1		
	(iii)	What (a) (b) (c) (d)	is ironic about 'silver coins'? Silver coins are valuable. Destructive hailstones look like silver coins. Silver coins fall from the sky. The big drops are called ten cent pieces.	1		
	(iv)	How (a) (b) (c) (d)	did the 'silver coins' affect the corn field? They covered all the fields. Corn and flowers started looking beautiful. They gave new life to the corn. They destroyed all the corn.	1		

3.

	(v)	'drape	ed in a curtain of rain'	
		Whiel	h part of speech is 'draped'?	1
		(a)	Noun	
		(b)	Verb	
		(c)	Adjective	
		(d)	Adverb	
			OR	
(B)	polite hand	voice, N	when Peggy was asking Wanda those questions in that mocking Maddie felt embarrassed and studied the marbles in the palm of her them around and saying nothing herself. Not that she felt sorry for cly.	
	(i)	What	were those questions?	1
		(a)	How many dresses did Wanda have ?	
		(b)	Why did she stay at Boggins Heights?	
		(c)	Why did she have a funny name?	
		(d)	Why did she not mix with others?	
	(ii)	Why	did Maddie roll the marbles in her hand ?	1
		(a)	She was confused.	
		(b)	She felt sorry for Wanda.	
		(c)	She felt embarrassed.	
		(d)	She did not like Wanda.	
	(iii)	How	did Peggy talk to Wanda ?	1
		(a)	In a polite but funny manner	
		(b)	In a funny and impolite manner	
		(c)	In a very polite manner	
		(d)	In a very rude manner	
	(iv)	Why o	did Maddie <i>not</i> feel sorry for Wanda ?	1
		(a)	Wanda had claimed to have a hundred dresses.	
		(b)	Maddie did not like Wanda.	
		(c)	Peggy was her dear friend.	
		(d)	Wanda was actually not a poor girl.	
	(v)	Whicl	h word is opposite in meaning to the word 'mocking'?	1
		(a)	imitating	
		(b)	lampooning	
		(c)	approving	
		(d)	resisting	



4. Read the extracts given below and attempt any one of the two by answering the questions that follow choosing the correct options from the given ones: $5\times1=5$ (A) I would not intrude on him; A dime, another ball, is worthless. Now He senses his first responsibility In a world of possessions. People will take Balls, balls will be lost always, little boy. And no one buys a ball back. Who is 'him'? (i) 1 (a) The little boy (b) A football player (c) A responsible person (d) The boy who had bought the ball (ii) Why won't 'I' intrude on 'him'? 1 He won't like interference. (a) (b) 'I' wants him to face the situation. (c) He is very arrogant. (d) Another ball can be bought. (iii) 'I' seems to be 1 (a) cruel. (b) kind. (c) sensible. affectionate. (d) (iv) 1 Why does no one buy a ball back? (a) A ball is very inexpensive. (b) One should not worry about lost things. (c) The new ball will cost money. (d) The boy should learn to be careful. (v) Which word is opposite in meaning to the word 'worthless'? 1 (a) bad (b) valuable (c) mostly (d) acceptable OR. (B) Don't eat that chocolate, Amanda! Remember your acne, Amanda! Will you please look at me when I'm speaking to you, Amanda! (I am Rapunzel, I have not a care; life in a tower is tranquil and rare; I'll certainly never let down my bright hair!)

	(i)	\mathbf{T}	he speaker	does	not want Amar	nda to ea	t chocolate b	ecause		1
		(8	it is e	expens	sive.					
		(k	o) it ma	y affe	ct her face.					
		(0	e) it is t	00 sw	eet.					
		(0	l) it wil	l affec	t her teeth.					
	(ii)) T	he speaker	's atti	tude is					1
		(8	a) full o	f anno	yance.					
		(k	o) advis	ory.						
		(0	e) affect	tionate	e.					
		(0	l) full o	f indif	ference.					
	(iii	i) W	There was I	Rapun	nzel kept?					1
		(8	n) In a f	farm h	ouse					
		(k	o) In a l	hut in	a forest					
		(0	e) In a t	tower						
		(0	l) On a	river	bank					
	(iv	·) H	low is Ama	nda d	ifferent from R	apunzel '	?			1
(a) Rapunzel lived away from her parents/guardian.										
		(t	o) Amai	nda w	ould never let d	lown her	hair.			
		(0	e) Rapu	nzel v	vas carefree.					
		(0	l) Rapu	nzel v	vas a good sing	er.				
	(v)	W	hich word	is opp	oosite in meani	ng to the	word, 'tranc	quil' ?		1
		(8	noisy							
		(k	peace	eful						
		(0	e) wilfu	1						
		(0	l) mute	d						
					Grammar				10 m	arks
Comp	loto th	na nara	granh give	n hal	ow by filling in	the blan	ika choosing	the cor		
_		that fol		on Den	ow by mining in	the blan	iks choosing	the cor	-	2×1=3
The se	chool	closed	during the	e mon	soon but this	did not _	(i) that	Raja _	(ii) sit at	
home	(iii)	noth	ing.							
(i)	(a)	mean		(b)	means	(c)	meant	(d)	meaning	
(ii)	(a)	can		(b)	could	(c)	shall	(d)	will	
(iii)	(a)	do		(b)	does	(c)	did	(d)	doing	

Page 10

5.

2/3/1

		onversation given below hoosing the correct opti		-	-	agraph that follows by filling in 3×1
		hat's the matter, Anitha		J		
Anit	ha : Oh	, nothing. You cannot h	elp me	e. I only wa	nt tha	t blue umbrella.
Ram	ıan ask	ed Anitha what(i)	. She	replied that	at it v	was nothing and he (ii) her
as_	(iii) th	nat blue umbrella.				
(i)	(a)	the matter is	(b)	the matte	r was	
	(c)	was the matter	(d)	had been	the ma	atter
(ii)	(a)	could not help	(b)	would not	help	
	(c)	should not help	(d)	cannot he	lped	
(iii)	(a)	she wants only	(b)	she only w	anted	d
	(c)	she only would want	(d)	she had or	nly wa	anted
	correct	options from the ones the	nat foll	low each of	them	
	(a)	but			(b)	since
	(c)	while			(d)	how
(ii)	Rita	had been hit on	no	se by	ba	all.
	(a)	a; a			(b)	a; the
	(c)	the; a			(d)	the; the
(iii)	The	river had crept	the	banks and	sprea	d across the flat plains.
	(a)	over			(b)	into
	(c)	under			(d)	below
(iv)	Indi	ascore 14 ru	ns in t	he last over	to wi	n the match yesterday.
	(a)	need to			(b)	should
	(c)	might			(d)	had to
(v)		of the tourists co	ould se	ee	tiger	in the reserve.
	(a)	None; any			(b)	Some; any
	(c)	None; some			(d)	Some; none
(vi)	We	could buy this expensive	e book	as we had		money with us.
	(a)	less			(b)	a little
	(c)	enough			(d)	little



5

5

5

PART B	40 marks
Writing	10 marks

Writing

8. (A) You are Latha/Lokesh, Captain of Ringing Bells Public School hockey team. Write a letter in 100 – 120 words to the Captain, hockey team of D.A.V. Public School, Fort Road, Chennai inviting their team to play a friendly match at your school grounds. Describe all the facilities that your school shall provide.

OR

- (B) Imagine that you are Ms. Kamala/Mr. Kamal, music teacher of National Public School. You were invited by Rising Sun Public School, Mall Road, Bhopal to judge the participants in the singing competition to be held in the school. Write a letter of thanks in 100 120 words to the Principal describing how you enjoyed the event.
- 9. (A) The chart given below shows loss of forest cover on account of development/commercial activities in Uttarakhand. Write an analytical paragraph in 100 120 words on the basis of the information given in the chart.

Commercial activities		Loss of forest cover (in hectares)
Mining		8,760 ha
Road construction	→	7,539 ha
Power distribution lines	→	2,332 ha
Hydropower plant projects		2,295 ha
Other smaller activities (Railways, defence work, construction of buildings, etc.)		20,998 ha

OR

(B) Most of the students are worried about their performance in examinations. So they don't participate in games. This affects their physical health and even mental health. Write a paragraph in 100 – 120 words on the importance of sports in the life of students.

5



5

		Literature 30 m	arks
10.	Answ	ver <i>any two</i> questions in 20 – 30 words each from both (A) and (B) respectively. 4	×2=8
	(A) (a)	any two)	
	(i)	What trick did the mother seagull use to encourage her young one to fly?	
	(ii)	In Coorg, which is the season of joy? Why?	
	(iii)	"Animals are better than human beings," says Walt Whitman. Why do we agree with him? Give at least two reasons.	
		AND	
	(B) (a	any two)	
	(i)	Why does Mrs. Pumphrey not deserve to keep a pet?	
	(ii)	On what condition did Anil employ Hari Singh? How did Hari Singh fail in his job?	
	(iii)	How was Griffin received at the inn in Iping?	
11.	Answ	ver <i>any two</i> questions in 40 – 50 words each from both (A) and (B) respectively.	
	(A) (c	any two)	3=12
	(i)	What did the young seagull experience when he dived at the fish in his mother's beak?	
	(ii)	How will a tourist enjoy when he climbs the Brahmagiri hills?	
	(iii)	What is ironic about the post office staff helping Lencho?	
		AND	
	(B) (a	any two)	
	(i)	Ebright could not win a prize in the Science Fair in class VII. What lesson did he learn?	
	(ii)	Supposing Mme Forestier comes to know that Matilda has returned real diamonds for the artificial ones she had lost. What do you think she would do? Why?	
	(iii)	Describe the young lawyer's second visit to New Mullion.	
12.	Answ	ver the following question in $100 - 120$ words:	
	(A)	Valli is very organised, bold and at the same time very sensitive. Comment.	5
		\mathbf{OR}	
	(B)	Kisa Gotami lost her only son, so grief overwhelmed her. How did she learn that death is as normal in life as birth is?	5
13.	Answ	ver the following question in 100 – 120 words :	
	(A)	How did the hack driver take the young lawyer for a ride literally and metaphorically on his first visit to New Mullion? OR	5
		VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VII	

2/3/1 Page 13

(B)

have felt about the events that took place at the wedding?

Why did Ramlal agree to accept Bishamber as husband for Bholi? How would he