Marking Scheme

Senior Secondary Examination – 10+1

Subject: History (570)

Expected Answer / Value points

| O No | | | БАРСССС | Section A | Manka |
|-------|-------|--------------------------|------------|--|-----------------|
| Q.No. | Verv | Short Answer Type | e Ouestion | Section – A | Marks (1x21=21) |
| 1 | | t was the script of S | - | | 1 |
| | (a) | Cuneiform | (b) | Kharoshthi | |
| | (c) | Aramaic | (d) | Brahmi Ans | - A |
| 2 | Who | was the first Roma | n Empero | r? | 1 |
| | (a) | Julius Caesar | (b) | Tiberius | |
| | (c) | Augustus | (d) | Trajan Ans | - C |
| 3 | Wha | t was the real name | of Genghi | is Khan | 1 |
| | (a) | Temujin | (b) | Manchu | |
| | (c) | Tatar Khan | (d) | Kagan Ans | - A |
| 4 | After | conquering which | city did G | enghis Khan order to destroy it completely | 7? 1 |
| | (a) | Samarkand | (b) | Nishapur | |
| | (c) | Herat | (d) | Bukhara Ans | |
| 5 | In w | hich century the I | sland of | England – Scotland were conquered by | the 1 |
| | princ | ce of Normandy, A p | rovince o | f Franch? | |
| | (a) | 10 th Century | (b) | 11 th | |
| | (c) | 12 th Century | (d) | 13th Century Ans | |
| 6 | | re did the Renaissai | | • | 1 |
| | (a) | England | (b) | Italy | |
| | (c) | France | (d) | Russia Ans | |
| 7 | | | | America – "The Noble Savage". | 1 |
| | (a) | Ward Worth | (b) | Aristotle | |
| | (c) | Rousseau | | Jefferson Ans | |
| 8 | Whic | ch country is called | the counti | ry of rising sun? | 1 |
| | (a) | India | (b) | China | |
| | (c) | Pakistan | (d) | Japan Ans- | - D |
| 9 | Whe | re did urban life sta | rt? | | 1 |
| | Meso | ppotamia | | | |
| 10 | Whic | ch historian said tha | it Empero | r Trajan was dreaming of conquering India | a. 1 |
| | Cassi | ius Dio | | | |
| L | 1 | | | | |

| 11 | When did Temujin adopt the name Genghis Khan? | 1 |
|----|---|---|
| | 1206 | |
| 12 | Where is St. Benedict Monestary located? | 1 |
| | Italy | |
| 13 | What is the meaning of Word "Native"? | 1 |
| | Aborigine | |
| 14 | Mesopotamia is situated betweenandriver. | 1 |
| | Tigris and Euphrates | |
| 15 | was the silver coin of Rome. | 1 |
| | Denarius | |
| 16 | was an Assembly of Mangol Tribe Chieftains. | 1 |
| | Kurultai | |
| 17 | was the ruler who ruled (1929-40) eleven years without summoning | 1 |
| | of Parliament | |
| | King Charles – I | |
| 18 | | 1 |
| | Petrach | |
| 19 | There are two statement given below, marked as assertion (A) and reason (R). | 1 |
| | Read the statement and select the correct option. | |
| | Assertion (A) - Native means a person born in the place he /she live in. | |
| | Reason (R) – Till the early twentieth century, the term was used by Europeans | |
| | to describe the inhabitants of countries they had colonised. | |
| | A. A and R correct and R is the correct explanation of A. | |
| | B. A and R are correct and R is not the correct explanation of A. | |
| | C. A is correct and R is not correct. | |
| | D. R is correct and A is not correct. Ans - A | |
| 20 | Assertion (A) - Fukuzawa Yukichi was one of the leading intellectuals of the | 1 |
| | Meigi period. | |
| | Reason (R) – He believed that Japan should remain the part of Asia. | |
| | A. A and R correct and R is the correct explanation of A. | |
| | B. A and R are correct and R is not the correct explanation of A. | |
| | C. A is correct and R is not correct. | |
| | D. R is correct and A is not correct. Ans – C | |

| Reason (R) – The Russian revolution took place in 1917. A. A and R correct and R is the correct explanation of A. B. A and R are correct and R is not the correct explanation of A. C. A is correct and A is not correct. D. R is correct and A is not correct. Ans-B Section-B (Short-Answer Type Questions) 3x6=18 22 Why were mobile animal herders not necessarily a threat to town life? OR Why do we say that it was not natural fertility and high level of food production that were the causes of early urbanization? Animal herders were a threat to town life due to following reasons: i) On the arrival of animal herders town life became disturbed ii) They ruined the agriculture crops iii) They polluted the water resources OR There is no denying the fact that the natural fertility and food production were the causes of early urbanisation. Natural fertility became the base of develop agriculture. Agriculture made human life permanent. In this way, villages came into existence and after that process of urbanisation started. 23 What was the crisis of the third century in the Roman Empire. 3 The Roman Empire faced a lot of strain in the 3 rd Century. In 225 CE, in new and more aggressive dynasty emerged in Iran, which were known as Sasaninias. Iran rulers shapur – I vigorously attacked on Roman Empire. Mean while a number of Germanie tribes such as Alamanni, the franks and the Goths attacked on Roman Empire from 233 to 280 CE. There were some internal | 21 | Assertion (A) – Communist party of China was founded in 1921. | 1 |
|--|----|--|--------|
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| crisis also. | | crisis also. | |
| 24 Describe the expedition of Chines conquest by Genghis Khan. 3 | 24 | Describe the expedition of Chines conquest by Genghis Khan. | 3 |
| In the Chines region many compaigns were launched by Genghis Khan. By 1209 | | In the Chines region many compaigns were launched by Genghis Khan. By 1209 | |
| CE, he defeated His Hsia people. In 1213 CE the great Wall of China was | | CE, he defeated His Hsia people. In 1213 CE the great Wall of China was | |
| breached. In 1215 Peking was Plundered. Untill 1234 CE, long drawn out | | breached. In 1215 Peking was Plundered. Untill 1234 CE, long drawn out | |
| battles against Chines continued but Genghis Khan was satisfied with the | | battles against Chines continued but Genghis Khan was satisfied with the | |
| progress of his compaigns. | | progress of his compaigns. | |

| 25 | Give the meaning of Feudalism ? | 3 |
|----|--|--------|
| | The term Feudalism is derived from the German word feud which means a | |
| | piece of land in this way Feudalism was a system associated with land. It refers | |
| | to type of society which developed in medivial france and later in England. This | |
| | system was based on relationship between lords and Peasants. Peasants not | |
| | only cultivate their own land but of their lords as well. The lord provided | |
| | military protection to the Peasants. | |
| 26 | Describe the eviction of Cherokees Community. | 3 |
| | The Cherokees tribe lived in Georgia. They were very humble. The US Chief | |
| | Judice John Marshall announced that Cherokee were a distinct community. But | |
| | the USA president Andrew Jackson refused to honour the Judgrement of Chief | |
| | Justice. The Cherokee were driven out of their land by us Army. They were | |
| | 15000 in numbers. Around one fourth of them were died during their Journey | |
| | which was also known as Trails of Tears. | |
| 27 | Define the Long March in Chines History. | 3 |
| | Or | |
| | Discuss how daily life was transformed as Japan Development. | |
| | The Long March (1934-35CE) was 6000 miles difficult journey of the | |
| | communist party of China. It was completed in 370 days. 82000 communist | |
| | were killed. Personally there was great loss to Mao. This march clearly showed | |
| | ability and great determination of Mao. | |
| | OR | |
| | Patriarchal Household system was prevailed in Japan, in which many | |
| | generation lived together. They are lived together under the control of Head of | |
| | the house. But as people became affluent, new idea of family came into being. | |
| | The new home was that of a nuclear family in which Husband and Wife both | |
| | were bread winner as well as home makers. The new system also generated | |
| | demand for new type of domestic goods and new form of housing. | |
| | Section-C (Long-Answer Type Questions) | 8x3=24 |
| 28 | Describe the Mari City of Mesopotamia Civilization. | 8 |
| | OR | |
| | Describe the various stages in the development of Writing method. | |
| | Mari was situated on the river Euphrates in the prime location for trade. | |
| | Copper, goods, oil, tin, wine, and many other things were carried in boats along | |

rivers Euphrates between the south and mineral rich countries like Syria, Turky and labanon. Official's of this city used to go aboard, Inspected the cargo and were charging the 1/10th of total value of these goods before giving permission to the boat to continue down stream. Mari Flourished as the Royal capital after 2000 BCE. There was a king named Zimrilim who ruled on Mari. There is description of his palace, the palace was a sprawling structure with 260 rooms and covered an area of 2.4 hectres. Animals rearing and agriculture work carried on side by side. Most of its territory was used for pasturing sheeps and goats. The Mesopotamians wrote on tablets of clay. A scribe would wet clay and pat it into a size he could hold comfortably in one hand. He would carefully smoothen its surfaces. With the sharp end of a reed cut obliquely, he would press wedge shaped (Cuneiform) signs the smoothened surface while it was still moist. Once dried in the sun, the Clay would harden and tablets would be almost as indestructible as pottery. The first tablet written around 3200BCE contained picture like signs and numbers. Clearly writing began when society needed to keep record of transactions. By 2600BCE letters became cuneiform. Now writing became to be used for maintaining records. Sumerian the earliest known Mesopotamian language was replaced by Akkadian after 2400 BCE cuneiform writing in the Akkadian language continued in used until the first century CE. 29 What is the meaning of Renaissance and explain its causes 8 Describe Religious Movement in details. The Renaissance is called by the name of rebirth, reawakening, re-rise of intellectual awakening and culture etc. After the 13th Century such circumstances rose as made man awakened, the awakening known as the Renaissance. The following are the causes of rise of renaissance: i) There were eight crusade which were fought between Muslim and Christians to free Jeruselum from Turks. These crusade played a special role for Renaissance. ii) During the reformation movement common people began to thing 1st time that churchs rules were not ultimate.

| | iii) | The Geographical discoveries also revolutionised the idea of man. | |
|----|-----------|--|---|
| | 111) | Marco Polo's invention of compass made Voyag easier. | |
| | i) | The invention of printing press greatly contributed to the | |
| | iv) | | |
| | | development of Renaissance. Now the books were available in great | |
| | | numbers which expended education. | |
| | Dr. tha I | OR | |
| | | Reformation Movement we means a movements which was lunched | |
| | | the prevailing wrong practices in the Roman Church. Christianity | |
| | | into two groups : Catholic and Protestants. The followings were the | |
| | | f Reformation Movements: | |
| | i) | The Renaissance created a common sense and rationality. Now the | |
| | | people began to criticise the Church | |
| | ii) | Pope was very powerful. So kings were waiting for a chance to get | |
| | _ | Pops power decreased. | |
| | iii) | Almost all thing also accelerated the reformation movement as they | |
| | | wanted to put a check on Pops rights. | |
| 30 | Describe | e the Economic and Industrial development of Japan. OR | 8 |
| | Describe | e the events of Chines Revolution, 1911. | |
| | | turies shoguns exercised real power in the Japan. But 1869 rule of | |
| | Shoguns | was over thrown and Japan saw emergence of New Rulers. Now the | |
| | rulers w | ere known as Emperor. This event in Japan History is known as Meiji | |
| | Restorat | cion. Main Idea of development of Japan can be discuss as below: | |
| | i) | Funds were collected by levying Tax on Agriculture | |
| | ii) | In 1872-73 BC first Railway line was built in Japan between Tokyo | |
| | | and Port of Yokohama. | |
| | iii) | Machines were imported from Europe for Textile Industries. | |
| | iv) | Foreign technicians were called to train workers and to teach in | |
| | | Universities and Schools. | |
| | v) | Modern Banking system were launched in 1872. | |
| | | OR | |
| | M | Sanchu dynasty was ruling in China for a long time. Under their rule the | |
| | | ns of Chinees people became deplorable. Now the people started | |
| | | that so long as Manchu Rule was there in China they could not hope | |
| | | 3 | |

| | for an end to their misery. Many chinees revolutionary groups came together to | |
|----|--|--------|
| | form Chainee revolutionary league. Dr Sun-Yat-Sen became the president of | |
| | this league. He enunciated three guiding principles for this league - | |
| | Nationalism, Democracy and Livelihood. | |
| | In 1911, revolution swept through southern china . The whole china | |
| | came under it influence on Jan 01, 1912. China was proclaimed a republic with | |
| | its headquarter at Nanjig. Dr. Sun-Yat-Sen became the president of Republic. In | |
| | Northern China Yuan Shih-Kai was made the Prime Minister. Compromise took | |
| | place between northern and southern China. Now Yuan-Shih-Kai was | |
| | recognized as President. | |
| | Secton – D (Sources Base Questions) | 4x3=12 |
| 31 | Ghazan Khan (1295–1304) was the first Il-Khanid ruler who converted to | 4 |
| | Islam. He gave the following speech to his Mongol-Turkish nomadic | |
| | commanders a speeach that was probably drafted by his persian Wizir | |
| | Rashiduddin and included in the minister's letters: | |
| | "I am not in favor of the Persian peasantry. If there is a purpose in pillaging | |
| | them all. There is no one more powerful to do this then I. Let us all rob them | |
| | together. But you wish to be certain of collecting gain and food for your tables | |
| | in future I must me harsh with you | |
| | 31.1 To which dynasty Ghazan Khan belonged ? | 2 |
| | Genghis Khan | |
| | 31.2 Which religion was adopted by Ghazan Khan? | 1 |
| | Islam | |
| | 31.3 What was the ruling period of Ghazan Khan. | 1 |
| | 1295 to 1304 | 1 |
| 32 | Niccolo Machiavelli wrote about human nature in the fifteenth chapter of his | 4 |
| | book, The Prince (1513). | |
| | 'So, leaving aside imaginary things, and referring only to those which truly | |
| | exist, I say that whenever men are discussed (and especially princes, who are | |
| | more exposed to view), they are noted for various qualities which earn them | |
| | either praise or condemnation Machiavelli believed that 'all men are bad and | |
| | ever ready to display their vicious nature partly because of the fact that | |
| | | |
| | | |

| | 32.1 What is the famous writing of Machiavelli? | 2 |
|----|--|---------|
| | The Prince | |
| | 32.2 Whose nature has been described by Machiavelli in his book? | 1 |
| | Human Nature | 1 |
| | 32.3 What are the views given by the Machiavelli regarding human nature? | 1 |
| | Machiavelli believed that 'all men are bad and ever ready to display | |
| | their vicious nature | |
| 33 | The Hopis are the native tribe who now live near California. | 4 |
| | 'It was indicated on the stone tablets that the Hopis' had that the first brothers | |
| | and sisters that would come back to them would come as turtles across the | |
| | land. They would be human beings, but they would come as turtles. So when | |
| | the time came close the Hopis were at a special village to welcome the turtles | |
| | that would come across the land and they got up in the morning and looked out | |
| | at the sunrise. They looked out across the desert and they saw the Spanish | |
| | Conquistadores coming | |
| | 33.1 Who are the Hopis? | 2 |
| | Hopis are the Native Tribe of California | |
| | 33.2 What was the belief of Hopis? | 1 |
| | Hopis' had that the first brothers and sisters that would come back to | |
| | them would come as turtles across the land. | |
| | 33.3 What did Hopis see across the desert ? | 1 |
| | They looked out across the desert and they saw the Spanish | |
| | Conquistadores coming | |
| | Section – E (Map Based Questions) | 1X5 = 5 |
| 34 | Locate the place on Word Map give below: A (i) Rome (ii) Mediterranean Sea (iii) Constantinople | 3 |
| | B There are two places (A) and (B) in the Word Map Identify and name these two places. | 2 |

Marking Scheme (अंकन योजना)

Senior Secondary Examination – 10+1

Subject: History (570)

Expected Answer / Value points

| प्र.स. | expected Answer / Value points खण्ड-क | अंक |
|--------|---|-----------|
| | अति लघु उत्तरीय प्रश्न | (1x21=21) |
| 1 | सुमेरियन भाषा की लिपि कौन सी थी? | 1 |
| | क. कीलाक्षर ख खरोष्टी | |
| | ग. आरमाईक घ. ब्राह्मी उत्तर—क | |
| 2 | रोम का प्रथम सम्राट कौन था? | 1 |
| | क. जूलियस सीजर ख. टाईबेरियस | |
| | ग. ऑगस्टस घ. त्राजान उत्तर–ग | |
| 3 | चंगेज खान का वास्तविक नाम क्या था? | 1 |
| | क. तेमुजिन ख. मान्चू | |
| | ग. तातार खॉन घ. कगान उत्तर–क | |
| 4 | किस शहर को जीतने के बाद चंगेज खान ने उसे पूरी तरह से नष्ट करने क | Γ 1 |
| | आदेश दिया? | |
| | क. समरकंद ख. निशापुर | |
| | ग. हैरात घ. बुखारा उत्तर—ख | Г |
| 5 | किस शताब्दी में फ्रांस के एक प्रांत नारमण्डी के राजकुमार द्वार | Т 1 |
| | इंग्लैंड-स्काटलैण्ड द्वीपों को जीता गया? | |
| | क. १०वीं शताब्दी में ख. ११वीं शताब्दी में | |
| | ग. १२वीं शताब्दी में घ. १३वीं शताब्दी में उत्तर—ख | |
| 6 | नवजागरण संस्कृति का उदय सबसे पहले कहाँ पर हुआ? | 1 |
| | क. इंग्लैंड ख. इटली | |
| | ग. फ्रांस घ. रूस उत्तर-ख | |
| 7 | किस विद्वान ने अमेरिका के मूल निवासी को 'उदात्त उत्तम जंगली' कहा? | 1 |
| | क. वडर्सवर्थ ख. अरस्तु | |
| | ग. रूसो घ. जैफर्सन उत्तर–ग | |
| L | | |

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| 8 | उगते सूर्य का देश किसे कहा जाता है? | 1 |
|----|---|---|
| | क. भारत ख. चीन | |
| | ग. पाकिस्तान घ. जापान उत्तर–घ | |
| 9 | शहरी जीवन की शुरूआत कहां से हुई ? | 1 |
| | मेसोपोटामिया | |
| 10 | किस इतिहासकार ने कहा कि त्राजान भारत विजय का स्वप्न देख रहा था। | 1 |
| | कैसियस डियो | |
| 11 | तेमुजिन ने चंगेज खॉ नाम कब धारण किया ? | 1 |
| | 1206 | |
| 12 | सेंट बेनीडिक्ट मठ कहां पर स्थित है? | 1 |
| | इटली | |
| 13 | नेटिव शब्द का क्या अर्थ है? | 1 |
| | मूल निवासी | |
| 14 | मेसोपोटामिया और निदयों के बीच स्थित है। | 1 |
| | दजला और फरात | |
| 15 | रोम का एक चांदी का सिक्का होता था? | 1 |
| | दीनारियस | |
| 16 | मंगोल कबीले के सरदारों की एक सभा थी। | 1 |
| | कुरिलताइ | |
| 17 | शासक ने (1929—40) 11 वर्षों तक पार्लियामेंट को बिना बनाए | 1 |
| | शासन किया । | |
| | राजा चार्ल्स—प्रथम | |
| 18 | को रोम के राजकवि की उपाधि से सम्मानित किया गया। | 1 |
| | पेट्राक | |
| 19 | निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करेंगे, एक को अभिकथन (A) और दूसरे को | 1 |
| | कारण (R) के रूप में लेबल किया गया है। कथन को पढिये उपयुक्त विकल्प का | |
| | चयन कीजिए। | |
| | अभिकथन (A)— नेटिव (मूल वाशिंदा) का मतलब होता है— ऐसा व्यक्ति, जो अपने | |

| | मौजूदा निवास स्थान में ही पैदा हुआ था। | |
|----------|---|----------|
| | | |
| | कारण (R)— 20वीं सदी के आरम्भिक वर्षों में यह पद यूरोपिय लोगों द्वारा अपने | |
| | उपनिवेश के वासिदे के लिए इस्तेमाल होता था। | |
| | A. A और R दोनो सही हैं। और R, A की सही व्याख्या है। | |
| | B. A और R दोनो सही हैं। और R, A की सही व्याख्या नहीं है। | |
| | C. A सही हैं। और R, सही नहीं है। | |
| | D. R सही हैं, A सही नहीं है। उत्तर— A | |
| 20 | अभिकथन (A)—फुकुजावा यूकिचीमेजी काल के प्रमुख बुद्धिजीवियों में से एक थे। | 1 |
| | कारण R—उनका मानना था कि जापान को एशिया का ही हिस्सा बना रहना | |
| | चाहिए । | |
| | A. A और R दोनो सही हैं। और R, A की सही व्याख्या है। | |
| | B. A और R दोनो सही हैं। और R, A की सही व्याख्या नहीं है। | |
| | C. A सही हैं। और R, सही नहीं है । | |
| | D. R सही हैं, A सही नहीं है। उत्तर— C | |
| 21 | अभिकथन (A) — चीन की साम्यवादी पार्टी की स्थापना 1921 में हुई। | 1 |
| | कारण (R) — रूस की कान्ति 1917 में हुई । | |
| | A. A और R दोनो सही हैं। और R, A की सही व्याख्या है। | |
| | B. A और R दोनो सही हैं। और R, A की सही व्याख्या नहीं है। | |
| | C. A सही हैं। और R, सही नहीं है । | |
| | D. R सही हैं, A सही नहीं है। उत्तर— B | |
| | खण्ड—ख (लघु उत्तरीय प्रश्न) | (3x6=18) |
| 22 | क्या यह कहना सही होगा कि खानाबदोश पशुचारक निश्चित रूप से शहरी | 3 |
| | जीवन के लिए खतरा थे? | |
| | अथवा | |
| | आप यह कैसे कह सकते हैं कि प्राकृतिक उर्वरता तथा खाद्य उत्पादन के उच्च | |
| | स्तर ही आरम्भ में शहरीकरण के कारण थे ? | |
| | खानाबदोश पशुचारकों को शहरी जीवन के लिए खतरा कहे जाने के निम्न कारण | |
| | है:− | |
| <u> </u> | | |

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| | 1. उनके आने से शहरी जीवन काफी प्रभावित होता था। | |
|----|--|-------|
| | 2. उनके पशु फसलों को नुकसान पहुँचाते थे। | |
| | 3. वे जल स्त्रोतों को दूषित कर देते थे। | |
| | अथवा | |
| | प्राकृतिक उर्वरता तथा खाद्य उत्पादन के उच्च स्तर ही आरम्भ में शहरीकरण के | |
| | कारण थे। जिसकी पुष्टि निम्न तथ्यों से की जा सकती है। | |
| | 1. प्राकृतिक उर्वरता से कृषि उत्पादन को प्रोत्साहन मिला। | |
| | मिट्टी की उर्वरा शक्ति नये व्यवसायों का आधार बनी। आरम्भ में गाँव | |
| | बने। | |
| | 3. गॉवों से शहरीकरण की प्रक्रिया बनी। | |
| 23 | रोमन साम्राज्य में तीसरी शताब्दी का संकट क्या था? | 3 |
| | रोमन साम्राज्य के इतिहास में तीसरी शताब्दी एक उथल-पुथल की शताब्दी कही | |
| | जाती है क्योंकि इस शताब्दी में अशांति और अराजकता का वातावरण बना रहा। | |
| | ईरान के सैसानी शासकों ने रोम पर आक्रमण किये। कुछ कबिले जैसे फ्रेंक, गोथ | |
| | आदि, इन कबिलों ने भी रोम साम्राज्य पर आक्रमण किये। | |
| 24 | चंगेज खॉ की चीन विजय अभियान का वर्णन करें । | 3 |
| 24 | | ა |
| | 1. चंगेज खॉ ने अपने चीन अभियान में सबसे पहले 1205 ई. से 1209 ई. के | |
| | बीच सी–सिया वंश के क्षेत्र पर आक्रमण किया। | |
| | 2. उसने 1213 ई.में चीन की दिवार को ध्वस्त किया और 1215 तक इस क्षेत्र | |
| | की राजधानी पैकिंग को जीत लिया। उसके बाद चीन के तीसरे वंश पर | |
| | आक्रमण किया। चंगेज खॉ 1216 ई.में अपनी मातृभूमि वापिस आ गया और | |
| | वह अपनी सफलताओं से पूर्ण संतुष्ट था। | |
| 25 | सामन्तवाद का अर्थ स्पष्ट कीजिए । | 3 |
| | सामन्तवाद का अग्रेंजी शब्द Feudalism है। यह शब्द जर्मन शब्द Feud से बना | |
| | है, जिसका अर्थ भूमि का टुकड़ा। इस शब्द के आधार पर यह स्पष्ट है कि यूरोप | |
| | में राज्य की सम्पूर्ण भूमि का मालिक शासक होता था और वह अपने भूमि के | |
| | टुकड़े को अपने अधीन किसी व्यक्ति को कुछ शर्तों के साथ दे देता था। यह | |
| | | |
| | प्रथा सबसे पहले फ्रांस में आर्विभाव हुई उसके बाद इण्लिण्ड में भी प्रचलित हुई । | |

| 26 | चिरोकी समुदाय की बेदखली का वर्णन कीजिए । | 3 |
|----|--|----------|
| | चिरोकी जार्जिया का एक प्रतिष्ठ कबीला था, जिसकी पुष्टि अमेरीका के मुख्य | |
| | न्यायाधीश ने भी कर दी थी। लेकिन अमेरिका के राष्ट्रपति एन्डूजैक्सशन ने | |
| | चिरोकियों को उनके स्थान से बेदखल करने के लिए फौज भेज दी। इस | |
| | अभियान में काफी चिरोकी मारे गये और उनका यह सफर आंसुओं की राह के | |
| | नाम से प्रसिद्ध है। | |
| 27 | चीनी इतिहास में लॉग मार्च क्या था, वर्णन करें । | 3 |
| | अथवा | |
| | जापान के विकास के साथ-साथ वहां की रोजमर्रा की जिन्दगी में किस तरह | |
| | बदलाव आये ? चर्चा कीजिए । | |
| | लॉग मार्च चीन के इतिहास में साम्यवादियों की एक ऐतिहासिक यात्रा थी। यह | |
| | यात्रा 6000 मील लम्बी थी जोकि 370 दिन में पूर्ण की। इस अवधि में लगभग | |
| | 82000 साम्यवादी मारें गये। माओ को व्यक्तिगत तौर पर बहुत नुकसान पहुँचा | |
| | लेकिन इस यात्रा ने माओं की योग्यता क्षमता और दृढ़ निश्चय की एक पहचान | |
| | बनी। | |
| | अथवा | |
| | विकास के साथ-साथ औद्योगिकीकरण से जापान की जीवनशैली में बहुत बलदाव | |
| | आये। इससे पूर्व जापान में संयुक्त परिवार प्रथा का प्रचलन था। जहां कई | |
| | पीढ़ियों घर के एक मुखिया के अधीन रहती थी। लेकिन आधुनिकीकरण के कारण | |
| | एक नई प्रथा का प्रचलन हुआ, जिसे एकल परिवार प्रथा के नाम से जाना जाने | |
| | लगा। इस व्यवस्था में परिवार की आवश्यकताएं बढती गई और लोग नई-नई | |
| | वस्तुओं के शोकीन बने। | |
| | खण्ड—ग (दीर्घ उत्तरीय प्रश्न) | (8x3=24) |
| 28 | मेसोपोटामिया सभ्यता के मारी नगर का वर्णन कीजिए। | 8 |
| | अथवा | |
| | लेखक पद्वति के विकास के विभिन्न चरणों का वर्णन कीजिए। | |
| | मेसोपोटामिया का मारी शहर व्यापार का एक अच्छा केन्द्र था। यह फेरात नदी के | |
| | किनारे स्थित था। यहां से एक जल मार्ग था जो सुमेर तथा तुर्की, सिरिया और | |

| | लेबनार के बीच जल मार्ग था। यहां जल पोत आकर रूकते थे और उनसे 10 | |
|----|---|---|
| | प्रतिशत कर के रूप में वसूले जाते थे। इससे मारी नगर की समृद्धता काफी बढ़ | |
| | गई थी। यह क्षेत्र किसान और पशुचारकों का क्षेत्र भी था। भेड़ बकरी चराने वाले | |
| | गडरिये और किसान आपस में वस्तुओं का लेददेन करते थे। मास, चमड़ा, पनीर | |
| | इत्यादि के बदले में गडरिये किसानों से अनाज एवं धातु के औजार प्राप्त करते | |
| | थे। लगभग 2000 ई.पू. के बाद मारी शहर एमोराईट शासकों की राजधानी के | |
| | रूप में खूब फला–फूला। यहां के एक शासक थे जिनका नाम जिमरीलिम था। | |
| | उनका यहां एक विशाल राजमहल था जिसमें 260 कमरे थे और यह महल 2.4 | |
| | हैक्टेर में बना हुआ था। | |
| | अथवा | |
| | मेसोपोटामिया में विकसित लेखन का तरीका अधिक चिरस्थाई सिद्ध हुआ। वे लोग | |
| | चिकनी मिट्टी को गूथ–धापकर छोटे आकार की सुन्दर पट्टिकाये बनाते थे। | |
| | फिर उस गिली पट्टियों के धरातल पर एक सरकडे की कलम से अक्षर खोदते | |
| | थे। बाद में इन पटि्टयों को धूप में सुखाकर पक्का दिया जाता था। इसलिए उन | |
| | में से हजारों हमारे काल तक बची हुई हैं। बाद में यह कला कीलाकार लिपि के | |
| | रूप में विकसित हुई। यह लिपि वर्णात्मक न होकर चित्रात्मक थी। लेकिन विचारों | |
| | को व्यक्त करने में यह लिपि पर्याप्त नहीं थी। इस कठिनाई का समाधन 2600 ई. | |
| | पू. के आस—पास सुमेर वासियों ने वर्णों को विकसित करके किया। इस प्रकार | |
| | वहां लिपि का विकास हुआ । | |
| 29 | पुनर्जागरण या नवजागरण का क्या अर्थ है ? इसके कारणों की व्याख्या कीजिए। | 8 |
| | अथवा | |
| | धर्मसुधार आन्दोलन का विस्तारपूर्वक वर्णन कीजिए। | |
| | नवजागरण का अर्थ है फिर से जागना। वास्तव में नवजागरण एक उदार | |
| | सास्कृतिक आन्दोलन था जिसमें यरोप में आ रहे परिवर्तनों के लिए मार्ग तैयार | |
| | किया। इसके उदय होने के कारणों का वर्णन हम निम्नलिखित ढ़ग से कर सकते | |
| | है। | |
| | 1. धर्मयुद्ध— जेरूस्लम को लेकर ईसाईयों और मुस्लमानों के बीच में जो युद्ध | |
| | हुए उनको धर्मयुद्ध कहा जाता है। इन युद्धों के माध्यम से यूरोप वासी | |
| | | |

- नवीन विचारों ओतप्रोत हुए। इन्होंने चर्च और पोप की सत्ता को मानने से इंकार किया।
- 2. भौगोलिक खोजे— इस काल में कई महत्वपूर्ण वैज्ञानिक खोजे भी जैसे कम्पास का अविष्कार हुआ जिससे समुद्री यात्रा में दिशा जानने में मदद मिली। इन्हीं वैज्ञानिक खोजों के कारण वास्कोडिगामा भारत पहुँचे और कोलम्बस अमरिका में पहुँचे।
- 3. मुद्रण का अविष्कार— मुद्रण के अविष्कार ने नवजागरण की प्रक्रिया को काफी बढ़ाया। अब एक साथ अनेक पुस्तके छपने लगी और यूरोप के लोग किताबी ज्ञान से परिचित हुए। उन्होंने अब अंधविश्वास व कुरीतियों को छोड़कर तर्क को सर्वपरि माना। इससे पुनः जागरण का उदय व विकास हुआ।

अथवा

जैसा कि हमें पता है यूरोप वासियों ने चर्च की सत्ता को ललकारना शुरू कर दिया था। अब इसाई धर्म दो भागों में विभाजित हो गया— जो रूढ़िवादी थे वो कैथोलिक कहलाये तथा जो परिवर्तन चाहते थे वो प्रोटेस्टैंट कहलाए। इस धर्मसुधार आन्दोलन के कुछ कारण थे, जिनका वर्णन निम्नलिखित ढ़ग से कर सकते हैं:—

- नवजागरण में नवीन भावना का जन्म हुआ। लोग अब खुले दिमाग से चर्च और अन्य संस्थाओं के बारे में विचार व्यक्त करने लगे। उनके मन में पादिरयों के प्रति घृणा पैदा हुई।
- 2. शिक्षा और मुद्रण कला ने इस प्रक्रिया को बढ़ाया। कुछ मानवतावादी लेखकों ने परलोक की बजाये इह लोक को सुधारने पर बल दिया। अब लोग रूढ़िवादिता त्याग कर तर्कशील बन गये, जो धर्म सुधार आन्दोलन में सहायक सिद्ध हुए।
- 3. तत्कालीन कारण—इस आन्दोलन का तत्कालीन कारण पोप के अधिकृत पदाधिकारियों द्वारा पापमोचन पत्रों की बिक्री मुख्य कारण था। पोप उचित और अनुचित तरीकों से धन बटौरने का काम किया । मार्टिन लुथर जैसे सुधारकों ने इन पत्रों की बिक्री का विरोध किया और उसने चर्च और

| | पादरी को भ्रष्टाचार का केन्द्र कहा। | |
|----|---|----------|
| 30 | जापान के आर्थिक और औद्योगिक विकास का वर्णन कीजिए। | 8 |
| | अथवा | |
| | चीन की 1911 की कान्ति की घटनाओं का वर्णन कीजिए। | |
| | मेईजी कॉल में जापानी अर्थव्यवस्था का तीव्रगति से आधुनिकरण हुआ। इस | |
| | दौरान यहां पर उद्योगों की स्थापना की गई। सन 1870 में उद्योग मंत्रालय की | |
| | स्थापना की गई। सन् 1872 ई. में रेललाईन बिछाने का काम शुरू हुआ। प्रथम | |
| | रेलवे लाईन टोकियो से यॉकोहामा के बीच में बिछाई गई। पश्चिमी देशों से | |
| | मशीने मंगवाई गई। विश्वविद्यालय और स्कूलों में आधुनिक शिक्षा दी जाने लगी । | |
| | जापान में बैंक प्रणाली का विकास हुआ। इस प्रकार से जापान एक आधुनिक | |
| | राष्ट्र के निर्माण की ओर अग्रसर हुआ। | |
| | अथवा | |
| | चीन की 1911 की क्रान्ति का चीन के इतिहास में महत्वपूर्ण स्थान है। इस क्रान्ति | |
| | से पूर्व चीन में माचूवंश का शासन था। चीन के लोगों के हालात काफी दयनीय | |
| | थी। लोगों ने समझ लिया था कि जब तक मांचू सत्ता पर बने रहेगें तब तक | |
| | उनकी कठिनाईयों का अंत नहीं होगा। अतः अपनी इन कठिनाईयों को दूर करने | |
| | के लिए चीन के अनेक क्रान्तिकारी संगठनों ने मिलकर एक क्रांतिकारी लीग का | |
| | गठन किया और डॉ0 सन—यॉत—सेन को इस लीग का मुखिया बनाया गया। | |
| | डॉं0 सन—यॉत—सेन सन् 1912 में नानकिंग में अपनी सरकार बना ली। इस प्रकार | |
| | अब चीन में दो समानान्तर सरकार चलने लगी। अब 1912 में एक समझौता हुआ | |
| | जब दोनो सरकार मिलकर एक हो गई और 13 फरवरी, 1912 को | |
| | यु–ऑन–सिकाई को गणतंत्रवादी चीन का पहला राष्ट्रपति बनाया गया। | |
| | खण्ड–घ (स्त्रोत आधारित प्रश्न) | (4x3=12) |
| 31 | गज़न खान का भाषण— | 4 |
| | गज़न खान (1295—1304) पहला इल—खानी शासक था जिसने धर्म | |
| | परिवर्तन कर इस्लाम ग्रहण किया। उसने अपने मंगोल-तुर्की यायावर सेनापतियों | |
| | को निम्न भाषण दिया जिससे संभव उसके इरानी वजीर रसीदुदीन ने लिखा था | |
| | और जिसे मंत्री के पत्रों में षामिल किया गया थाः "मै फ़ारस के कृशक वर्ग के | |

| | पक्ष में नहीं हूँ यदि उन सबको लूटने का कोई उद्देश्य है, तो ऐसा करने के लिए | |
|----|---|------------|
| | मेरे से अधिक शक्तिशाली और कोई नहीं है। चलो हम सब मिलकर उनको लूटते | |
| | हैं। लेकिन आप निश्चित रूप से भविष्य में अपने भोजन के लिए अनाज और | |
| | भोज्य सामग्री इक्कठा करना चाहते हैं तो मुझे आपके साथ कठोर होना होगा। | |
| | 31.1 गज़न खान किसका वंशज था? | _ |
| | चंगेज खॉन का | 2 |
| | 31.2 गज़न खान ने कौन सा धर्म ग्रहण किया ? | |
| | इस्लाम | . 1 |
| | 31.3 गज़न खान का शासन काल कब से कब तक का रहा ? | |
| | 1295 से 1304 तक। | <u> </u> 1 |
| 32 | निकोलो मेक्यिवेली अपने ग्रंथ दि प्रिंस (1513) के 15वें अध्याय में मनुष्य के | 4 |
| | स्वभाव के बारे में लिखते है कि | |
| | ''काल्पनिक बातों को यदि अलग कर दें और केवल उन्हीं विशयों के बारे में सोचे | |
| | जो वास्तव में हैं, मैं यह कहता हूं कि जब भी मनुष्यों के बारे में चर्चा होगी | |
| | (विशेषकर राजकुमारों के बारे में, जो जनता की नजर में रहते हैं) तो इनमें अनेक | |
| | गुण देखे जाते हैं, जिन कारण वे प्रशन्सा या निदा के योग्य बने मेक्यिवेली | |
| | यह मानते थे कि सभी मनुष्य बूरे हैं और अपने दुष्ट स्वभाव को प्रदर्शित करने में | |
| | सदैव तत्पर रहते हैं । | |
| | 32.1. मेक्यिवेली की प्रसिद्ध रचना का क्या नाम है? | 2 |
| | दी प्रिंस | |
| | 32.2 मेक्यिवेली अपनी रचना में किसके स्वभाव का वर्णन करता है? | 1 |
| | मुनष्य के स्वभाव का । | |
| | 32.3 मेक्यिवेली ने मुनष्य के बारे में क्या विचार दिये। | 1 |
| | मेक्यिवेली यह मानते थे कि सभी मनुष्य बूरे हैं और अपने दुष्ट स्वभाव को | |
| | प्रदर्शित करने में सदैव तत्पर रहते हैं । | |
| 33 | होपी कॅलीफोर्निया के निकट रहने वाले आदिवासी | 4 |
| | प्रस्तर की पट्टी पर यह खुदा था कि होपी यह मानते थे कि उनके पास | |
| | वापिस आने वाले पहले भाई और बहन धरती के पार से कछुओं के रूप में | |
| | | |

| | आयेगें। वे इंसान होगें, पर कछुओं के रूप में आयेगें। इसलिए जब समय आया | |
|----|--|---------|
| | तो होपी लोग धरती के उस पार से आने वाले उन कछुओं का स्वागत करने के | |
| | लिए एक खास गाँव में इक्ठठे हुए। वे सुबह—सुबह उठ गये और उन्होंने सूर्योदय | |
| | देखा। उन्होंने मुरूभूमि के पार निगाह दौड़ाई और उन्हें बख्तरबंद स्पेनी | |
| | कोन्विवस्टाडोर दिखाई पड़े। | |
| | 33.1 होपी कौन थे? | 2 |
| | होपी कॅलीफोर्निया के निकट रहने वाले आदिवासी थे। | 2 |
| | 33.2 होपी लोगों की क्या मान्यता था ? | 1 |
| | होपी यह मानते थे कि उनके पास वापिस आने वाले पहले भाई और बहन | ' |
| | धरती के पार से कछुओं के रूप में आयेगें। | |
| | 33.3 होपियों ने मुरू पार भूमि के पार क्या दिखाई दिया। | |
| | उन्हें बख्तरबंद स्पेनी कोन्विवस्टाडोर दिखाई पड़े | 1 |
| | खण्ड—ड् (मानचित्र आधारित प्रश्न) | (5x1=5) |
| 34 | विश्व मानचित्र में निम्न स्थलों को चिन्हित कीजिए । | |
| | A (i) रोम (ii) भूमध्य सागर (iii) कुस्तुनतुनिया | 3 |
| | B विश्व मानचित्र में दो स्थल जो (A) और (B) के रूप में चिन्हित किये गये | 2 |
| | है पहचान कर इनके नाम लिखिए। | |
| | | |
| | | |

